



**GCEP International Workshop August, 2005**  
**Tsinghua University**

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# **CO<sub>2</sub> Sequestration potential in Coal Seams of China**

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**Bill Gunter, Sam Wong, David Law (ARC)**

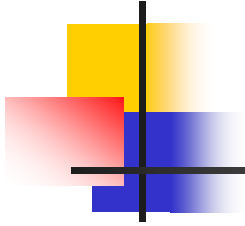
**China United Coalbed Methane Co., Ltd.**  
**Beijing 100011**



# Outline of Presentation

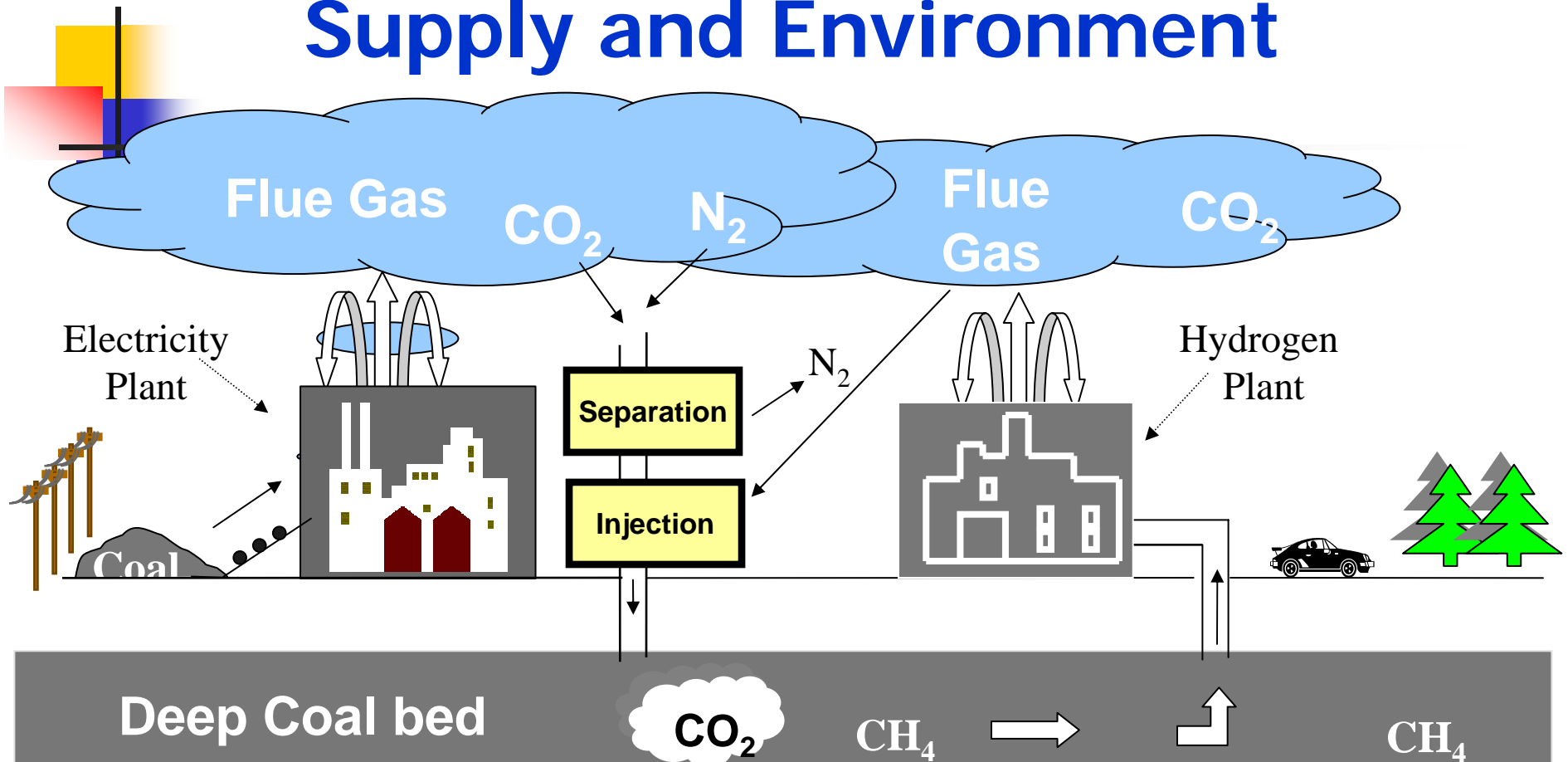
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- The enhanced coalbed methane (ECBM) and CO<sub>2</sub> Sequestration process
- Laboratory measurements of CO<sub>2</sub> / CH<sub>4</sub> adsorption
- Micro-pilot field test in south Qinshui basin
- CO<sub>2</sub> storage potential in coal seams in China



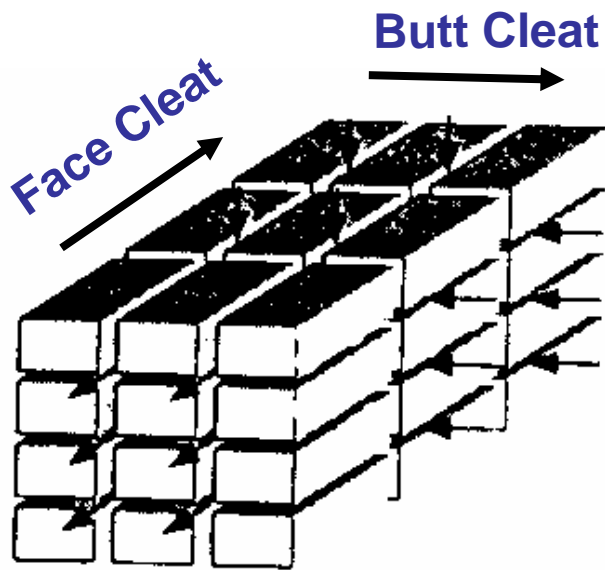
# **1 The enhanced coalbed methane (ECBM) and CO<sub>2</sub> Sequestration process**

# Opportunity to address both Gas Supply and Environment

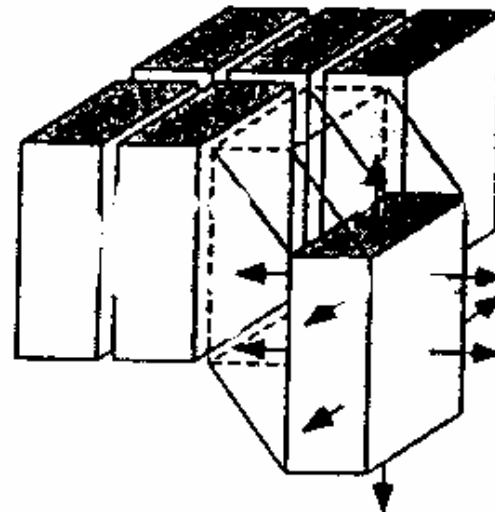


- Enhanced coalbed methane (ECBM) recovery
- Sequestration of CO<sub>2</sub>

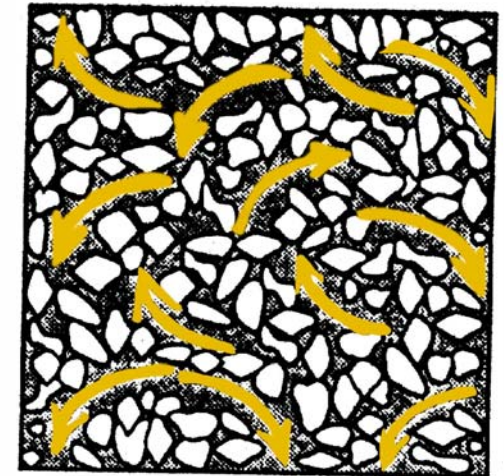
# Process of Gas Transport in Coalbed Methane Reservoirs



1. Fluid Production from Natural Fractures



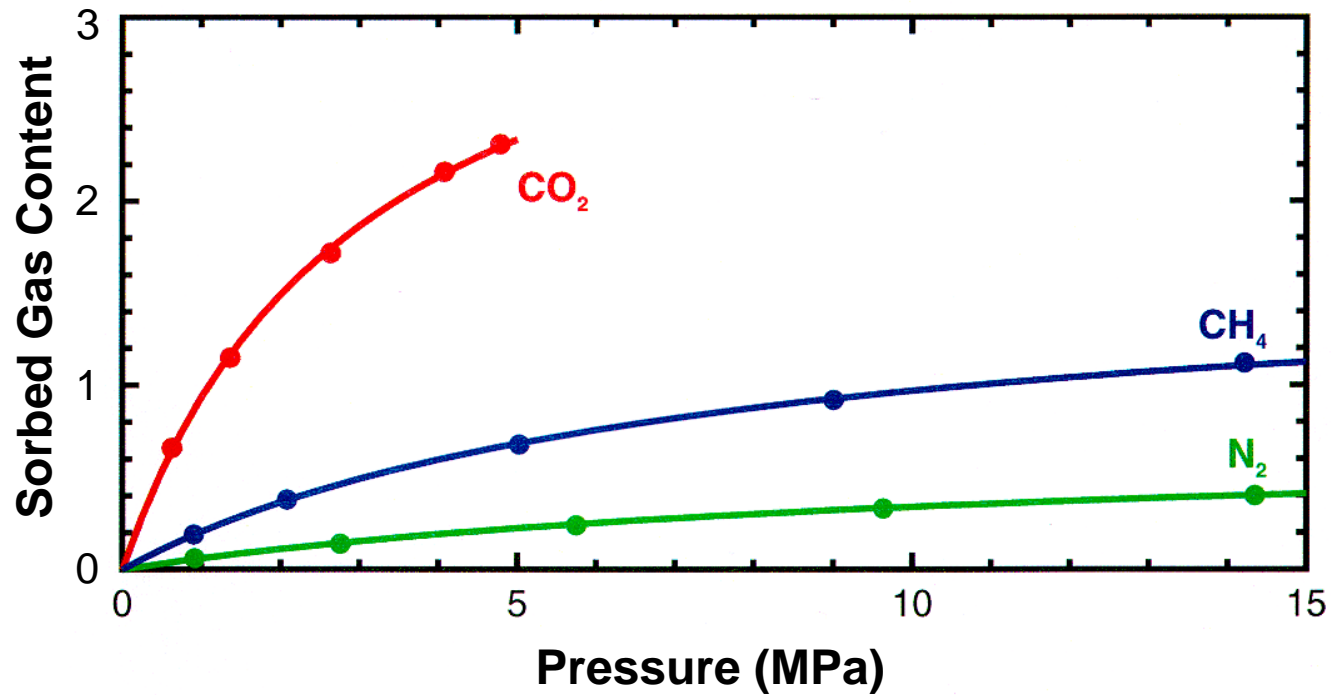
2. Gas Desorption from Cleat surfaces



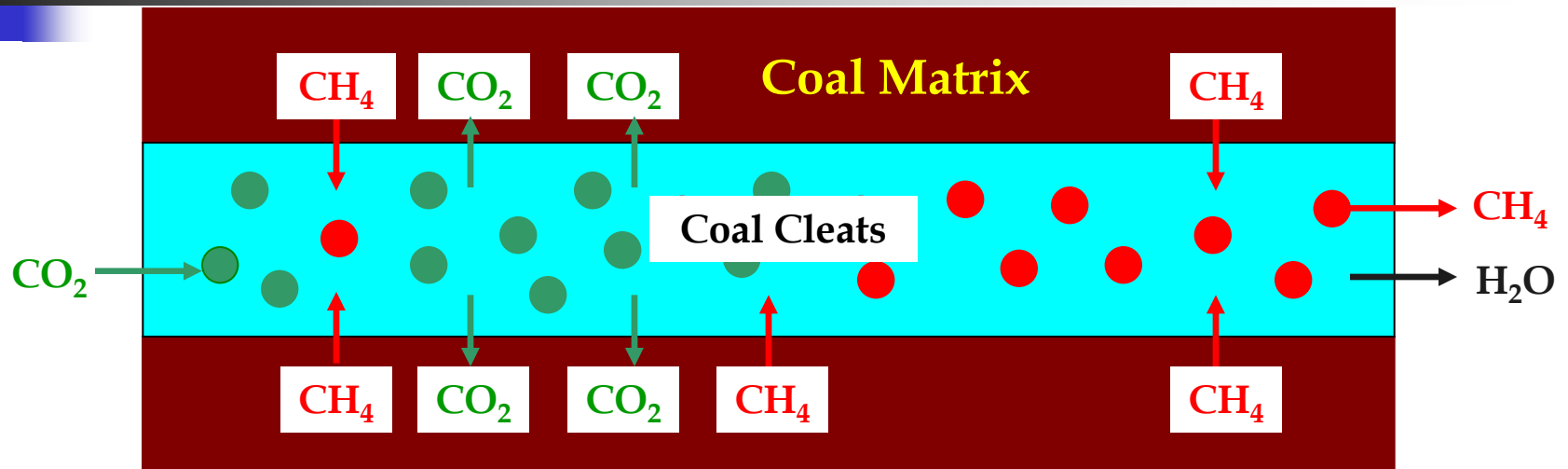
3. Molecular Diffusion through the coal matrix

# Sorption Data for Different Pure Gases

Gas Sorption Isotherm

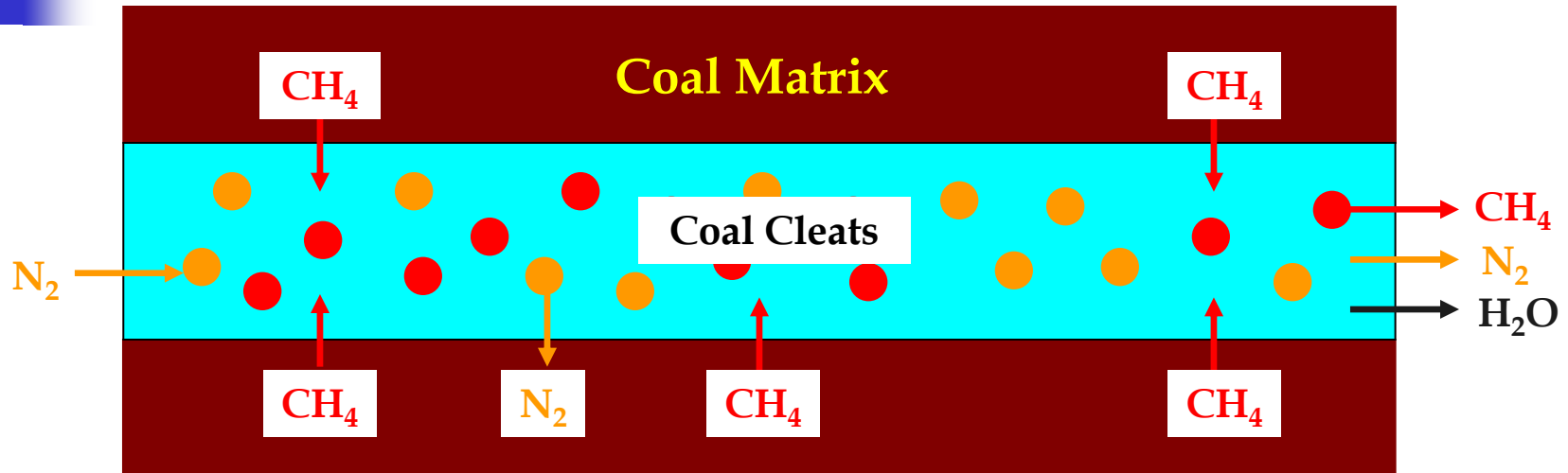


# CO<sub>2</sub>-ECBM Recovery Mechanisms



- Injected carbon dioxide in cleats
- Increases total cleat pressure
- Carbon dioxide diffuses into matrix and strongly adsorbs onto coal
- Reduces partial pressure of methane in cleats
- Methane desorbs from matrix and diffuses to cleats
- Methane and water flow to wellbore

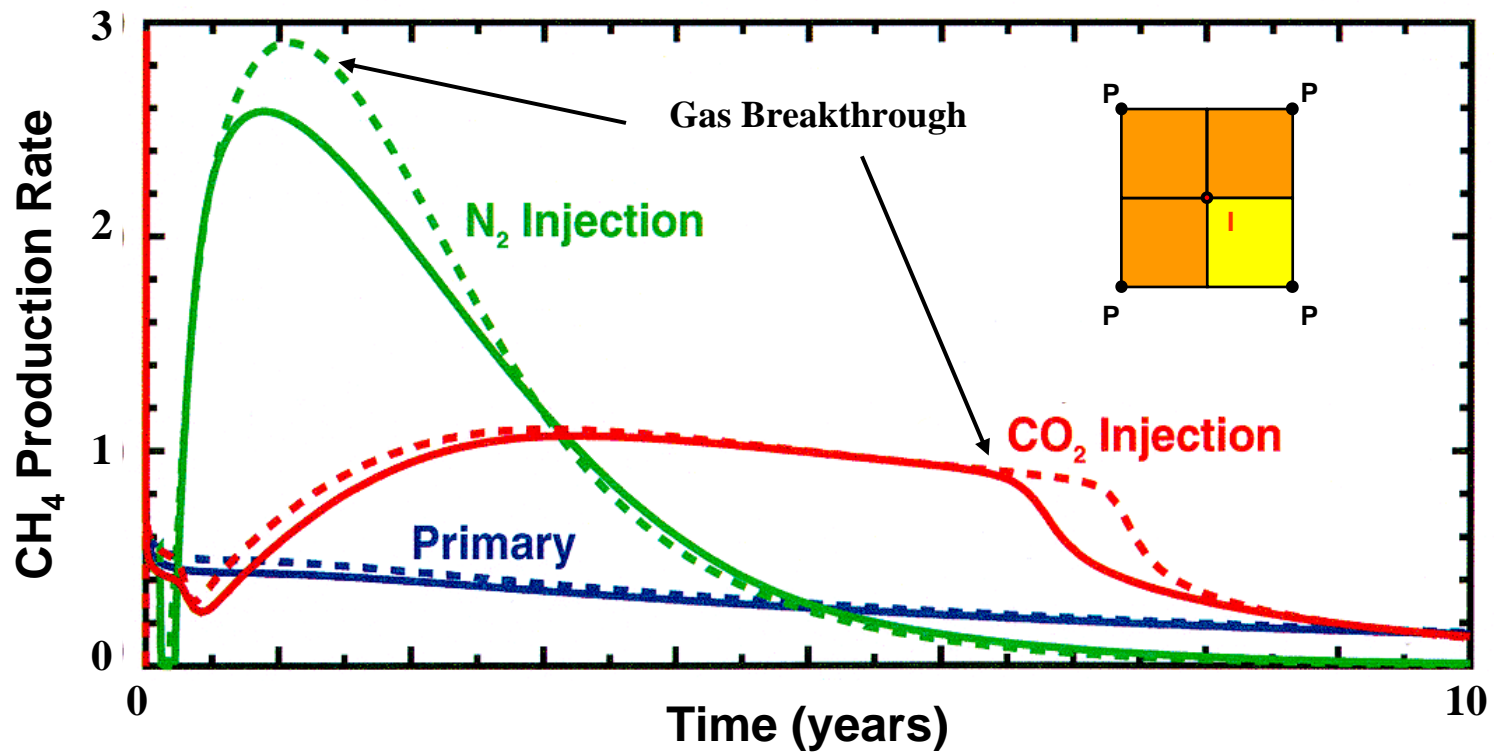
# N<sub>2</sub>-ECBM Recovery Mechanisms



- Injected nitrogen into cleats
- Increases total cleat pressure
- Nitrogen diffuses into matrix and weakly adsorbs onto coal
- Reduces partial pressure of methane in cleats
- Methane desorbs from matrix and diffuses to cleats
- Methane, nitrogen and water flow to wellbore

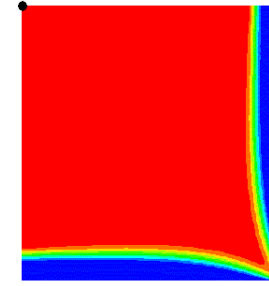
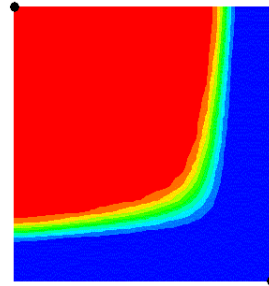
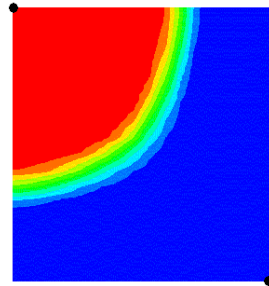
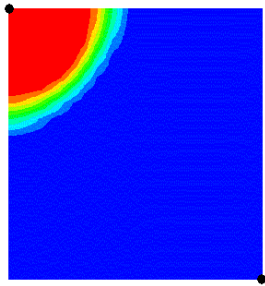
# ECBM Production Profile

## CH<sub>4</sub> Production Rate

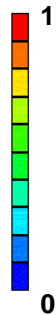


# 5-Spot Pattern Simulation CO<sub>2</sub> and N<sub>2</sub> Propagation

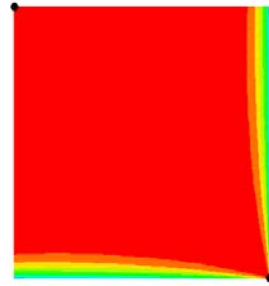
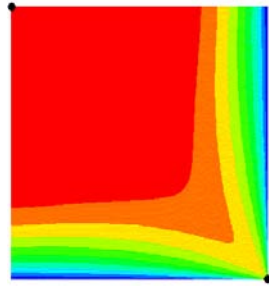
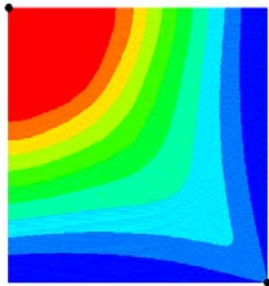
CO<sub>2</sub> Injection



CO<sub>2</sub>/N<sub>2</sub> Content



N<sub>2</sub> Injection



After 1 year

After 3 years

After 5 years

After 7 years

1/4 of 5-Spot Pattern

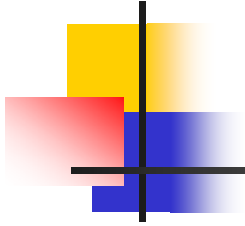
Constant Injection Rate



# ECBM Process

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- **CO<sub>2</sub> is stored in the coal and will not breakthrough to the producing wells until most of the coalbed methane is produced**
- **N<sub>2</sub>, because it is less adsorbing, will be produced with the coalbed methane and breakthrough to the producing wells quickly**



## **2 Laboratory Measurements of CO<sub>2</sub> and CH<sub>4</sub> Adsorption**



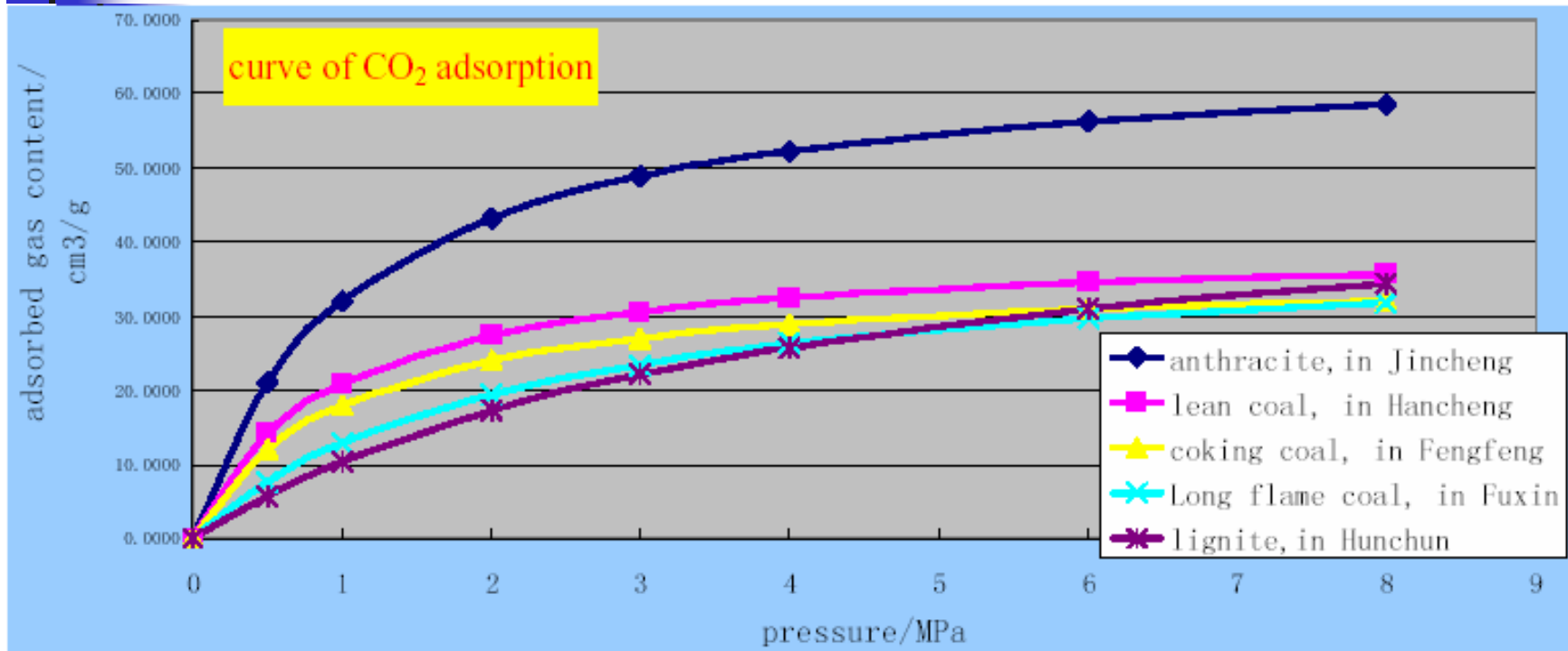
## 2 Laboratory Measurements of CO<sub>2</sub> and CH<sub>4</sub> Adsorption

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**Experiment of CH<sub>4</sub> and CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption/desorption in five coal samples with different rank :**

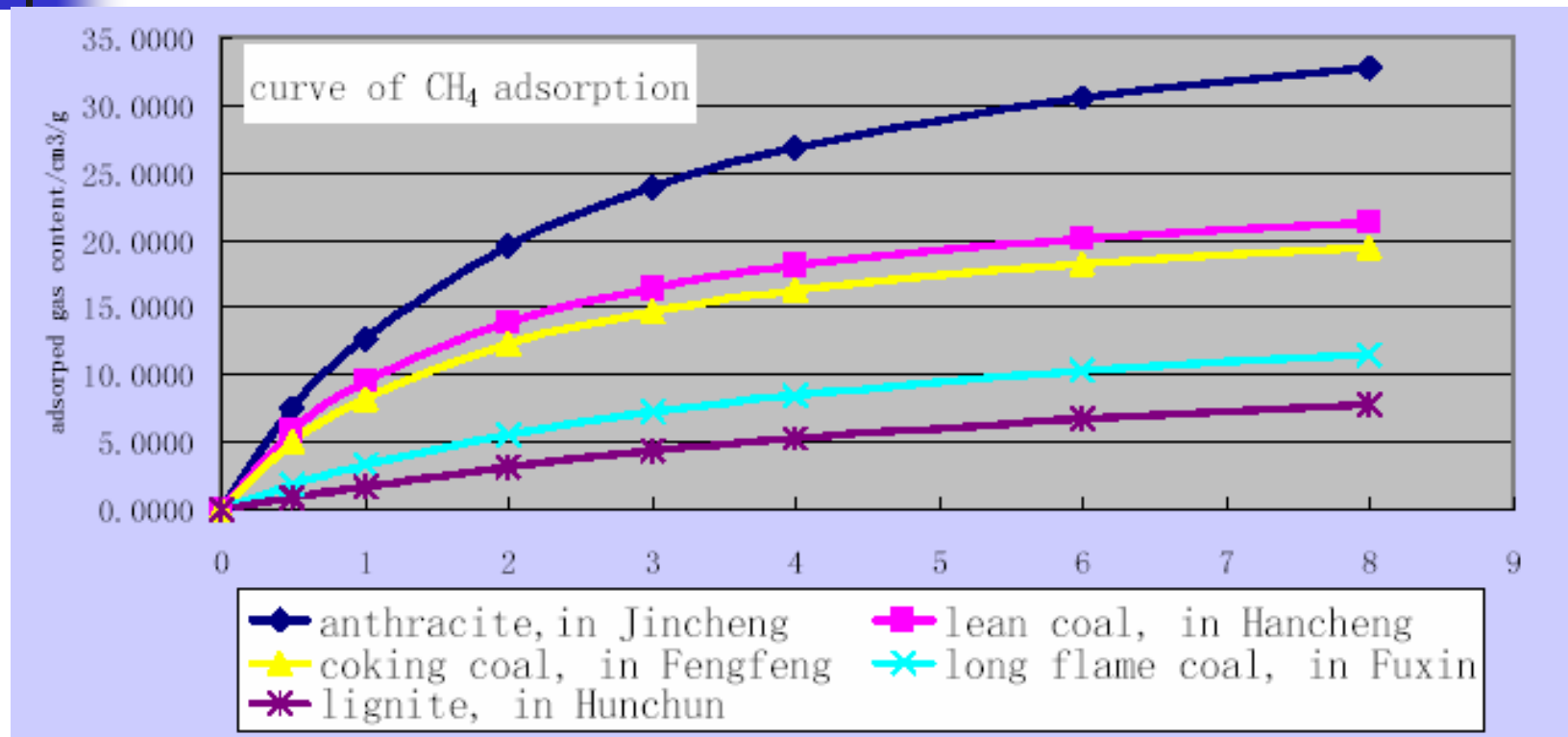
- Anthracite (coal sample Ro 3.62%)
- Lean coal (Ro 1.94%)
- Coking coal (Ro 1.52%)
- Long flame coal (Ro 0.56%)
- lignite (Ro 0.49%)

## 2 Laboratory Measurements of CO<sub>2</sub> and CH<sub>4</sub> Adsorption



**CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption capacity increases when coal rank increases.**

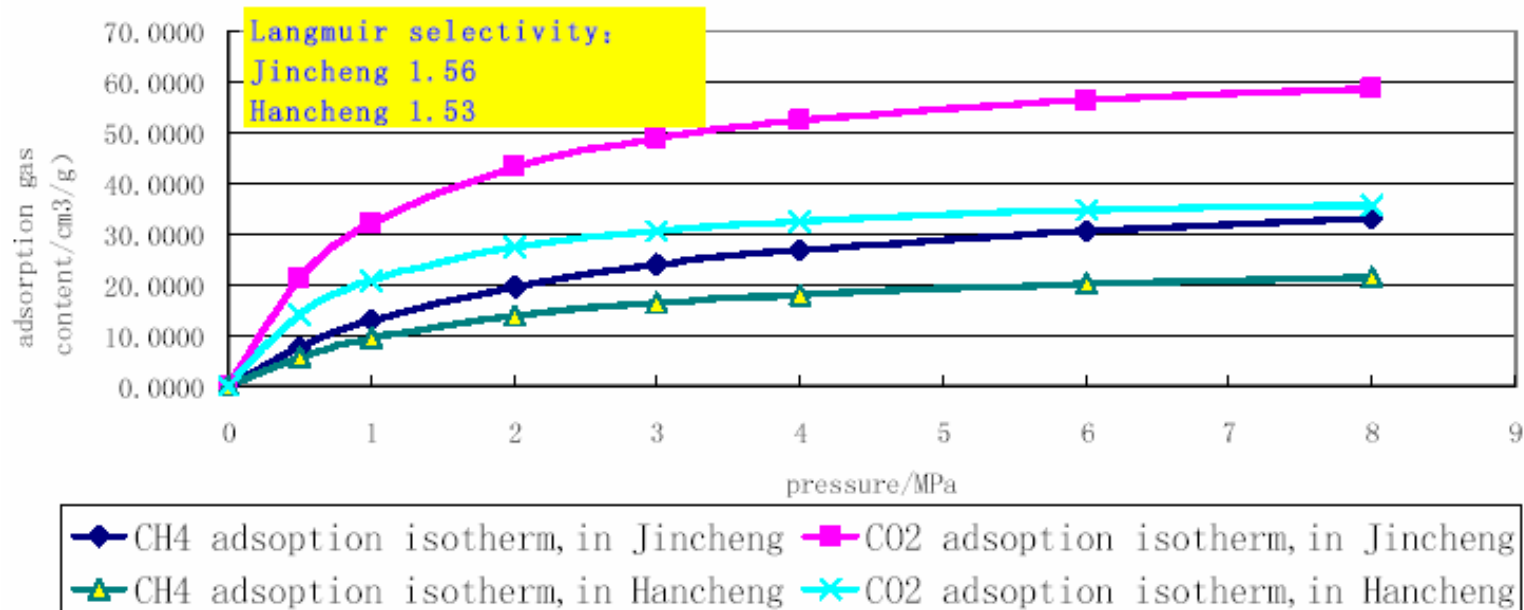
## 2 Laboratory Measurements of CO<sub>2</sub> and CH<sub>4</sub> Adsorption



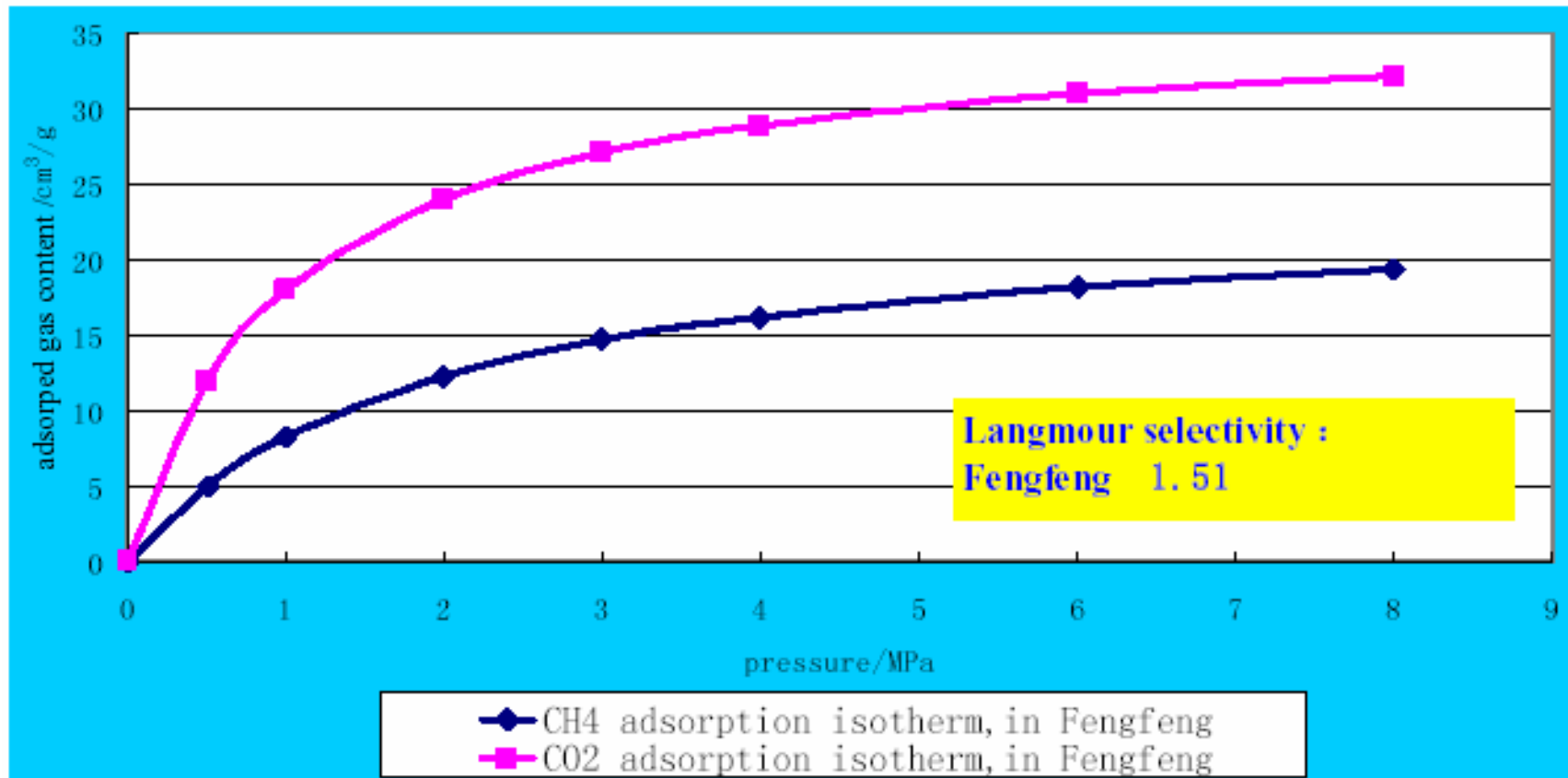
**CH<sub>4</sub> adsorption capacity increases when coal rank increases.**

## 2 Laboratory Measurements of CO<sub>2</sub> and CH<sub>4</sub> Adsorption

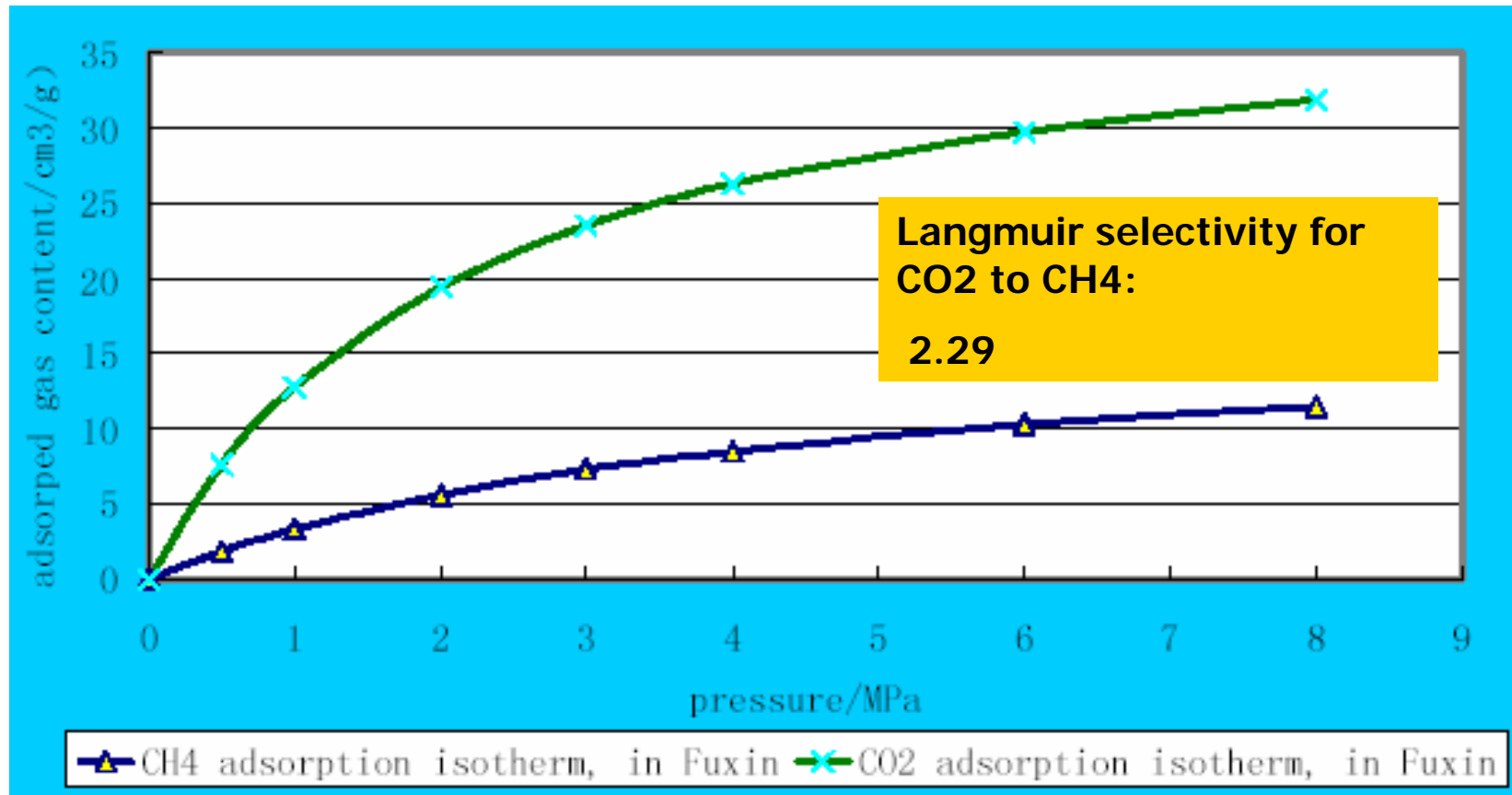
- ❖ CO<sub>2</sub> Adsorption capacity is greater than CH<sub>4</sub>.
- ❖ CO<sub>2</sub> Adsorption selectivity decreases relative to methane, when coal rank increases. Langmuir selectivity for CO<sub>2</sub> to CH<sub>4</sub> are from 3.3:1 to 1.5:1 from lignite to anthracite.



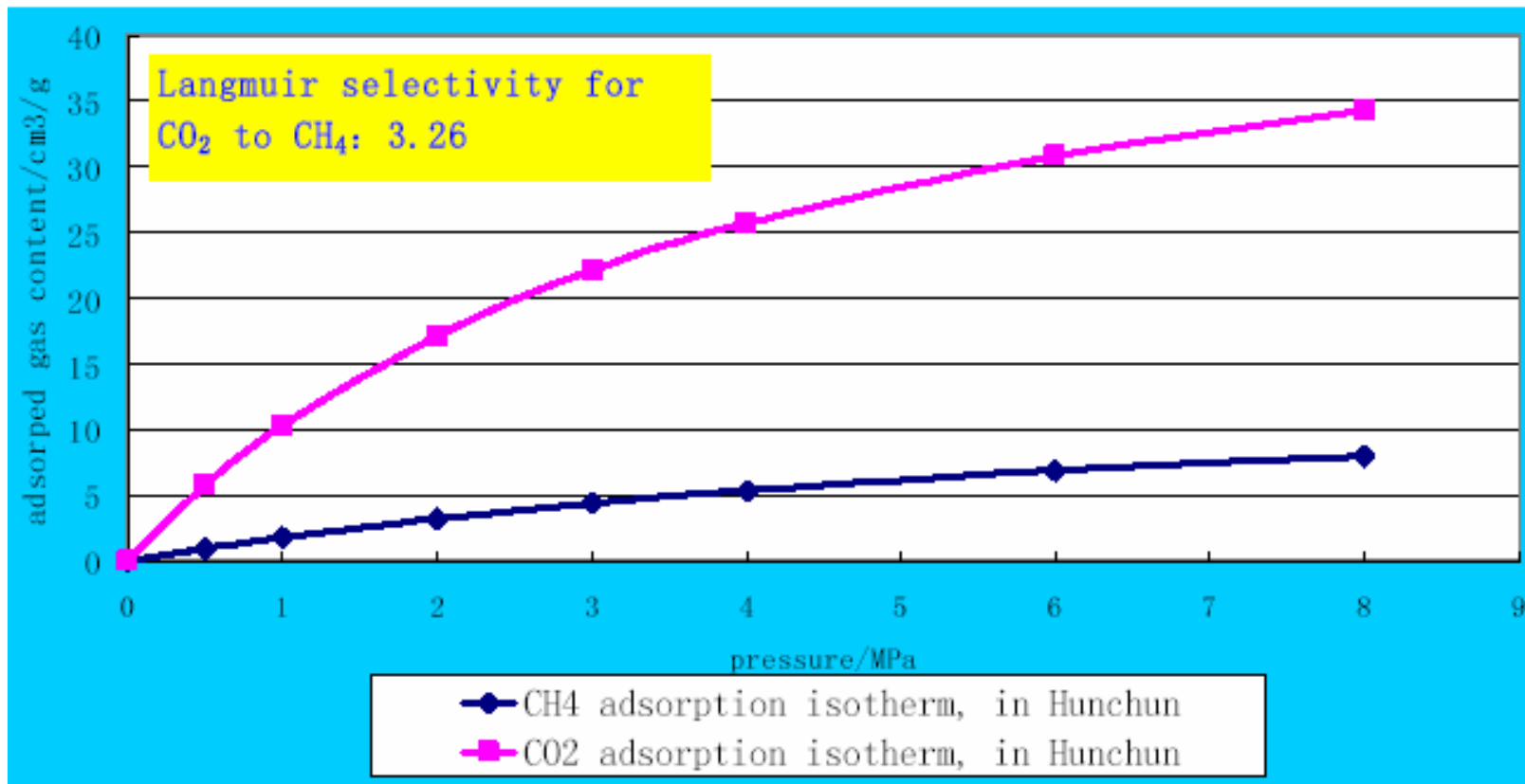
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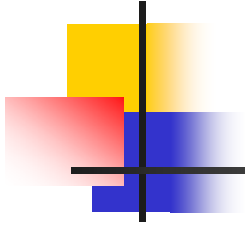


## 2 Laboratory Measurements of CO<sub>2</sub> and CH<sub>4</sub> Adsorption

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**Experiment results:**

**CO<sub>2</sub> and CH<sub>4</sub> adsorption capacity also increases when coal rank increases. But Langmuir selectivity for CO<sub>2</sub> to CH<sub>4</sub> decreases when coal rank increases. Langmuir selectivity for CO<sub>2</sub> and CH<sub>4</sub> is greater in the lignite than in the anthracite.**



## **3 Micro-pilot field test in south Qinshui basin**

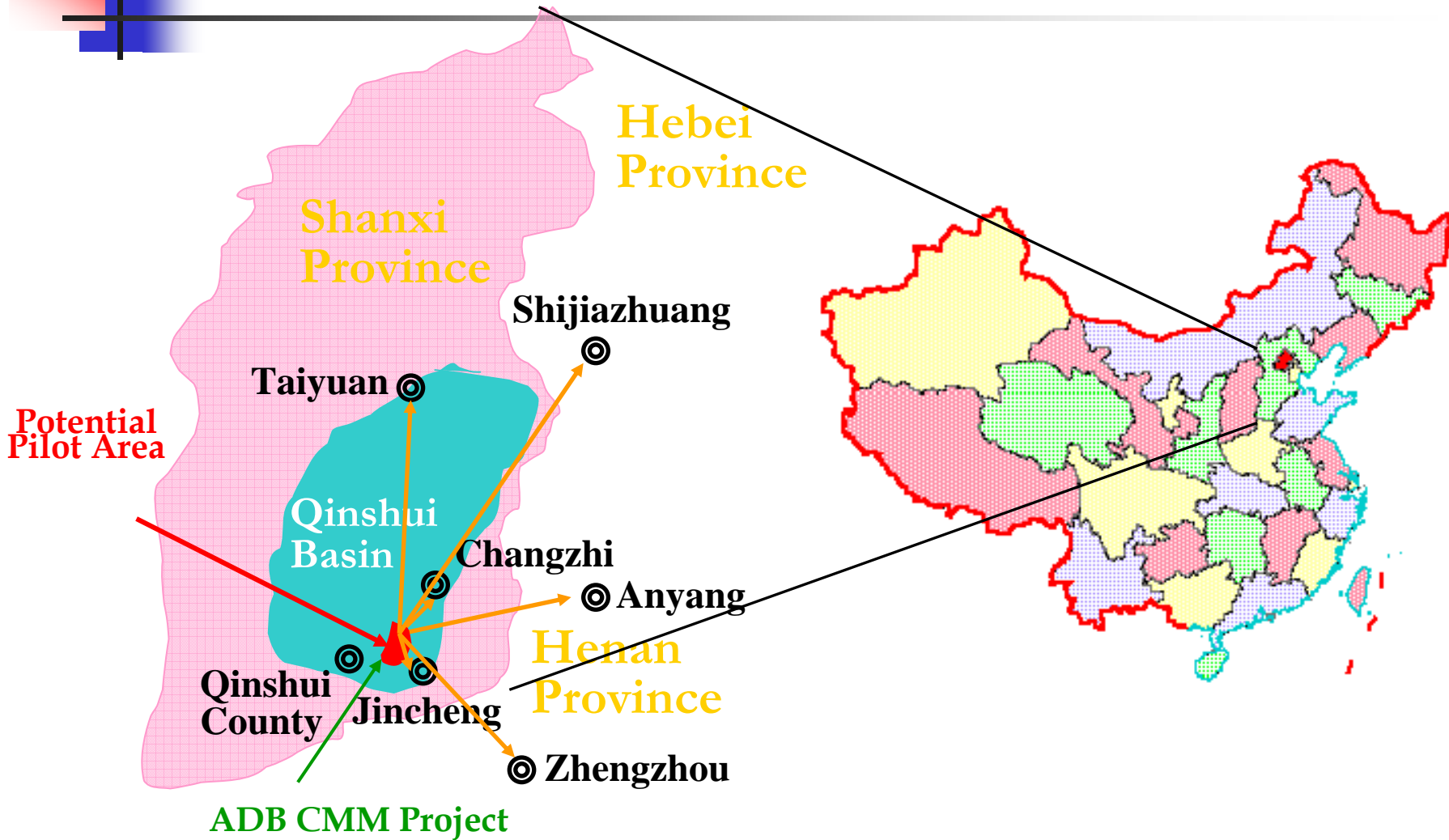


# China United Coalbed Methane Co.,Ltd (CUCBM)

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- **State-owned company under the direct auspices of the State Council, including the State Plan, Finance, Science and Technology**
- **Exclusive rights for exploration, development and production of CBM in cooperation with foreign companies**
- **Professional company responsible for exploration, development, production and sale of CBM in China**

# Demonstration Site Location





# Activities in South Qinshui Basin

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- 170 wells and more than 660 2-D seismic lines have been completed by CUCBM.  
(Up to Aug. 18, 2005)
- 3 CBM pilots have been set up.
- 1 National test field for CBM development has been confirmed.
- 1 Z-pinnate System has been tested.
- 1 CO<sub>2</sub> micro-pilot

# China ECBM Project



**Canadian International  
Development Agency  
(CIDA)**

**Ministry of Commerce  
(MOFCOM)**

**Canadian Climate  
Change Development  
Fund (CCCDF)  
(CA \$ 5 million)**

**China United Coalbed  
Methane Corporation  
Ltd. (CUCBM)  
(CA \$ 5 million)**

**3.5 - year CA \$ 10 million Project  
(Started March 2002)**



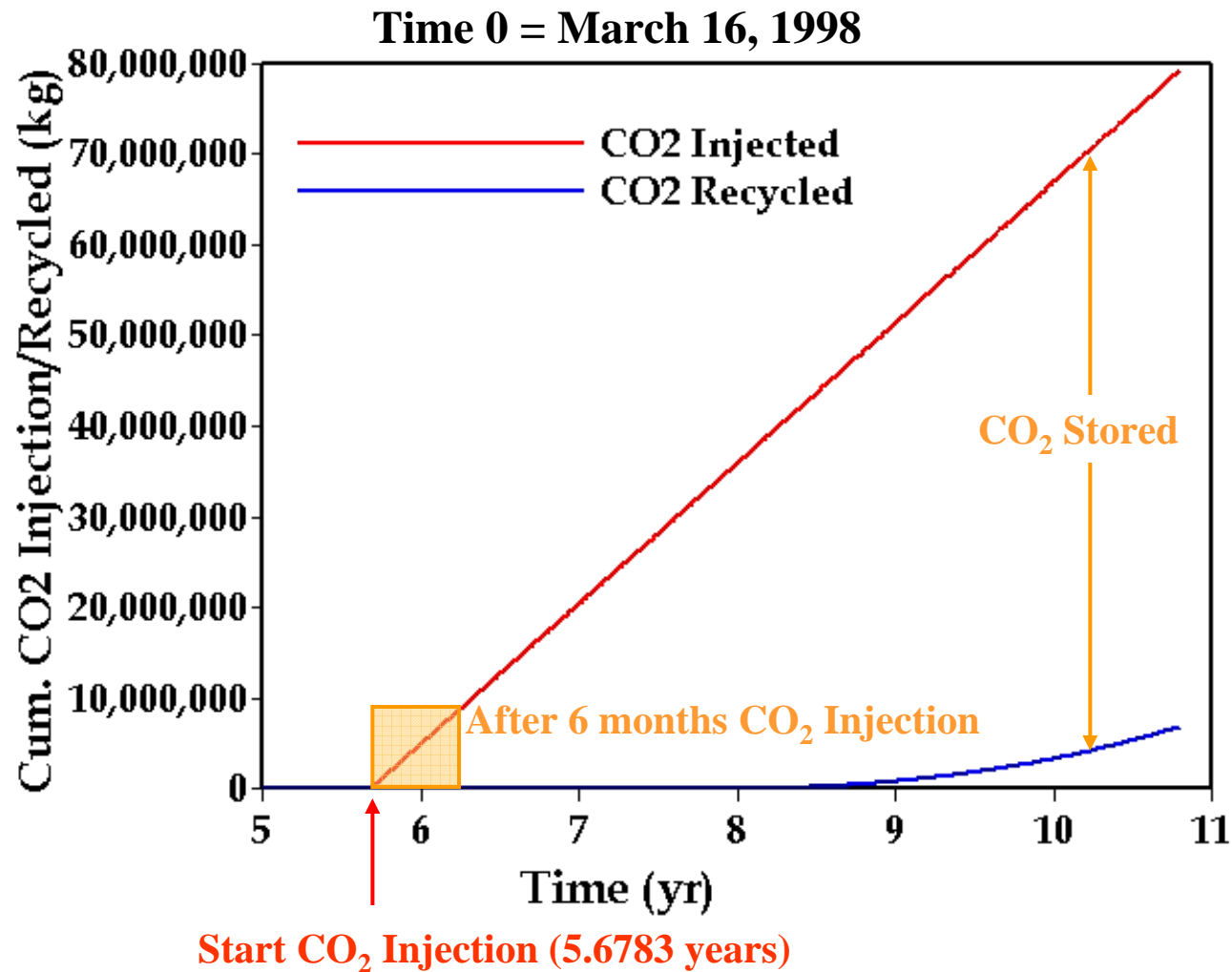
# First Micro-Pilot Test

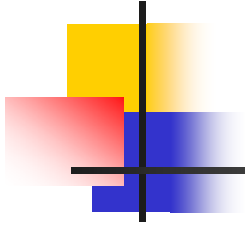
## Qinshui Basin

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- The first micro-pilot test was successful
- CMG's GEM CBM Model has been validated based on successful history match of the micro-pilot field data
- Prediction of the performance of CO<sub>2</sub>-ECBM recovery process indicated that more than 4 times the average CH<sub>4</sub> production rate compared to primary recovery can be achieved
- CO<sub>2</sub> storage into high-rank anthracite coal seam in Qinshui Basin is feasible
- Start design of multi-well pilot on site

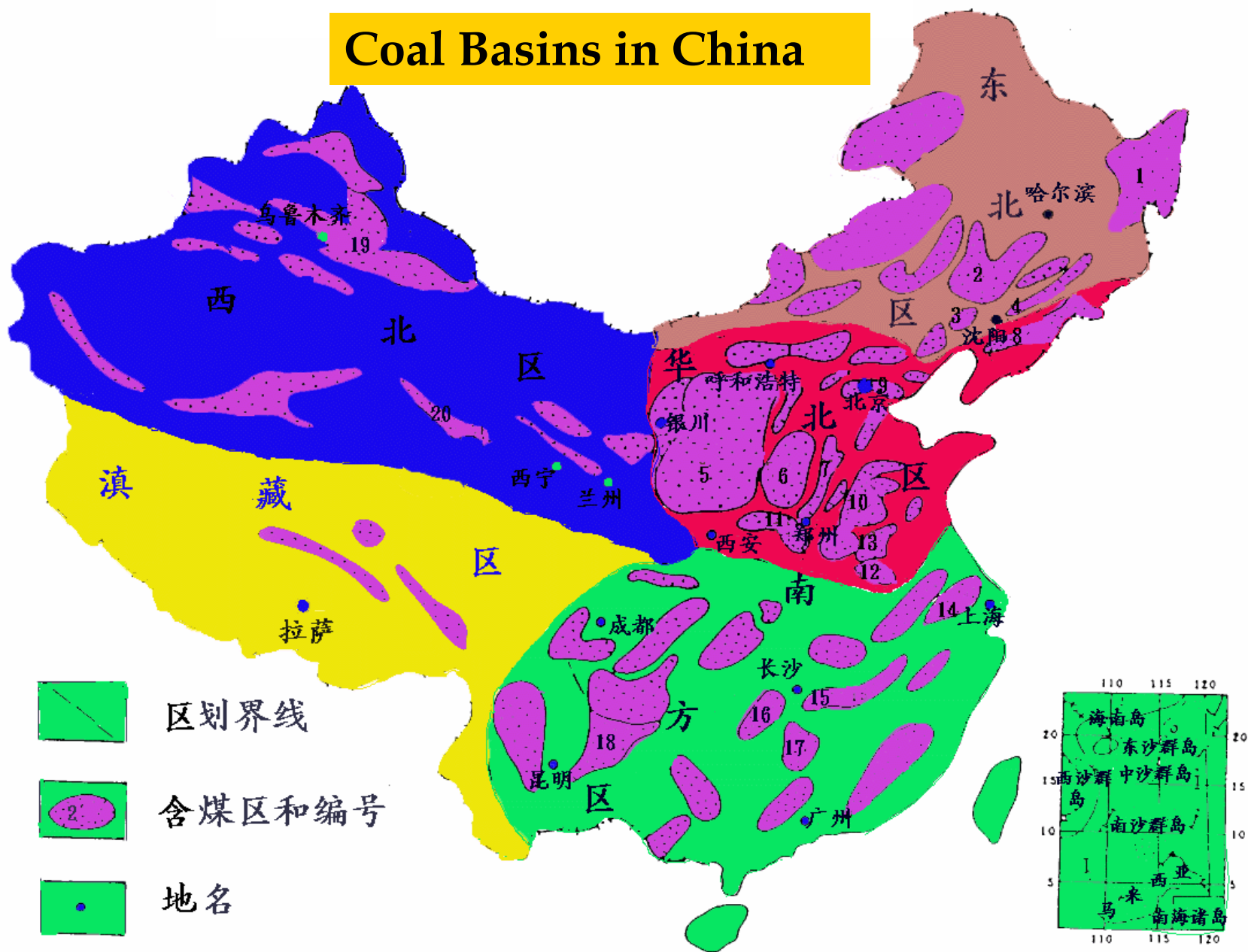
# 5-Spot Field Pilot Test Prediction CO<sub>2</sub> Inventory





## **4. CO<sub>2</sub> storage potential in coal seams in China**

# Coal Basins in China





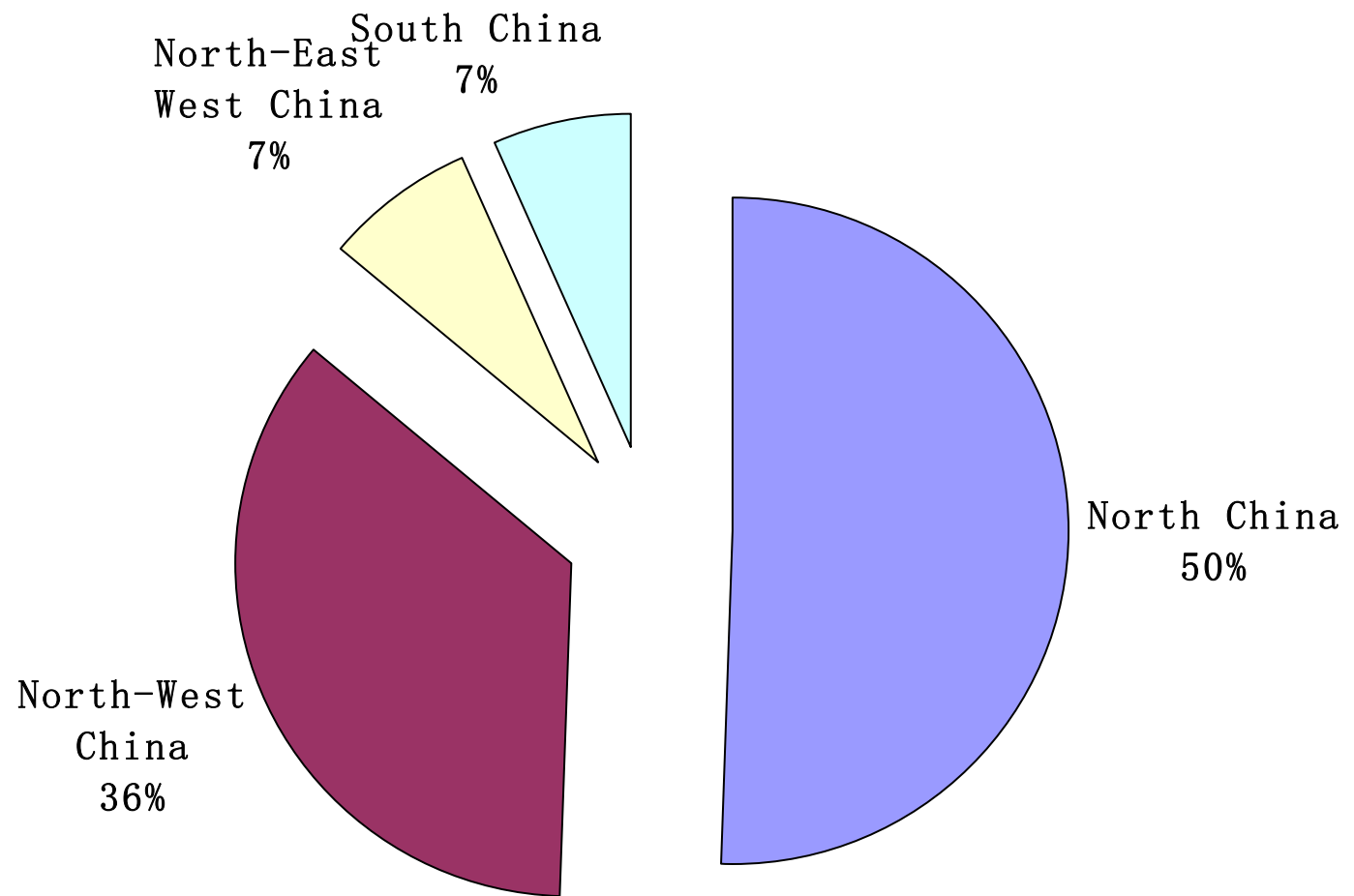
## 4. CO<sub>2</sub> storage potential in coal seams in China

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- coal resource is  $5.57 \times 10^{12}$ t over 2000m depth in China
- coal resource is  $2.71 \times 10^{12}$ t between 1000-2000m depth in China

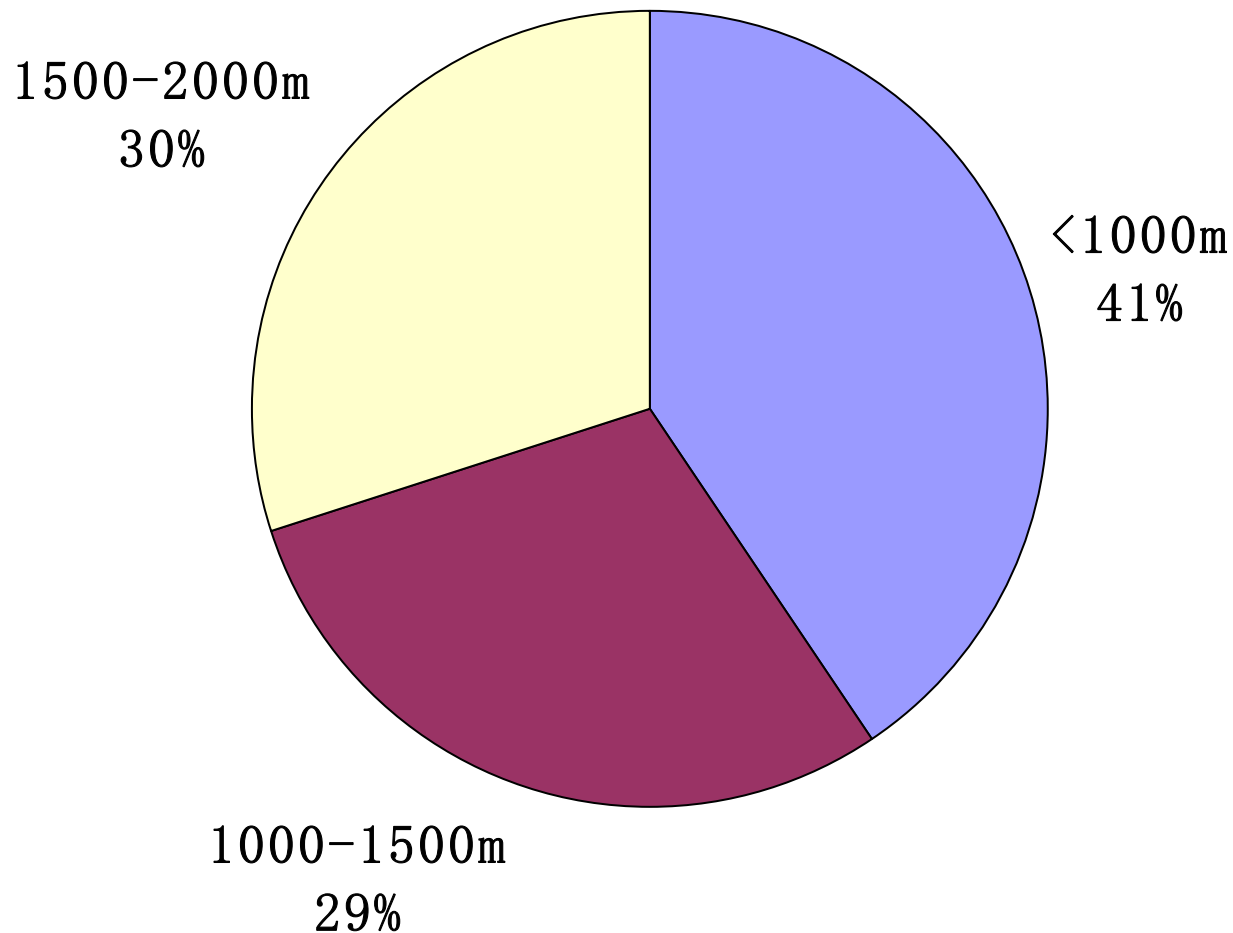
Data from China administration of coal geology, 2000

# 4. CO<sub>2</sub> storage potential in coal seams in China

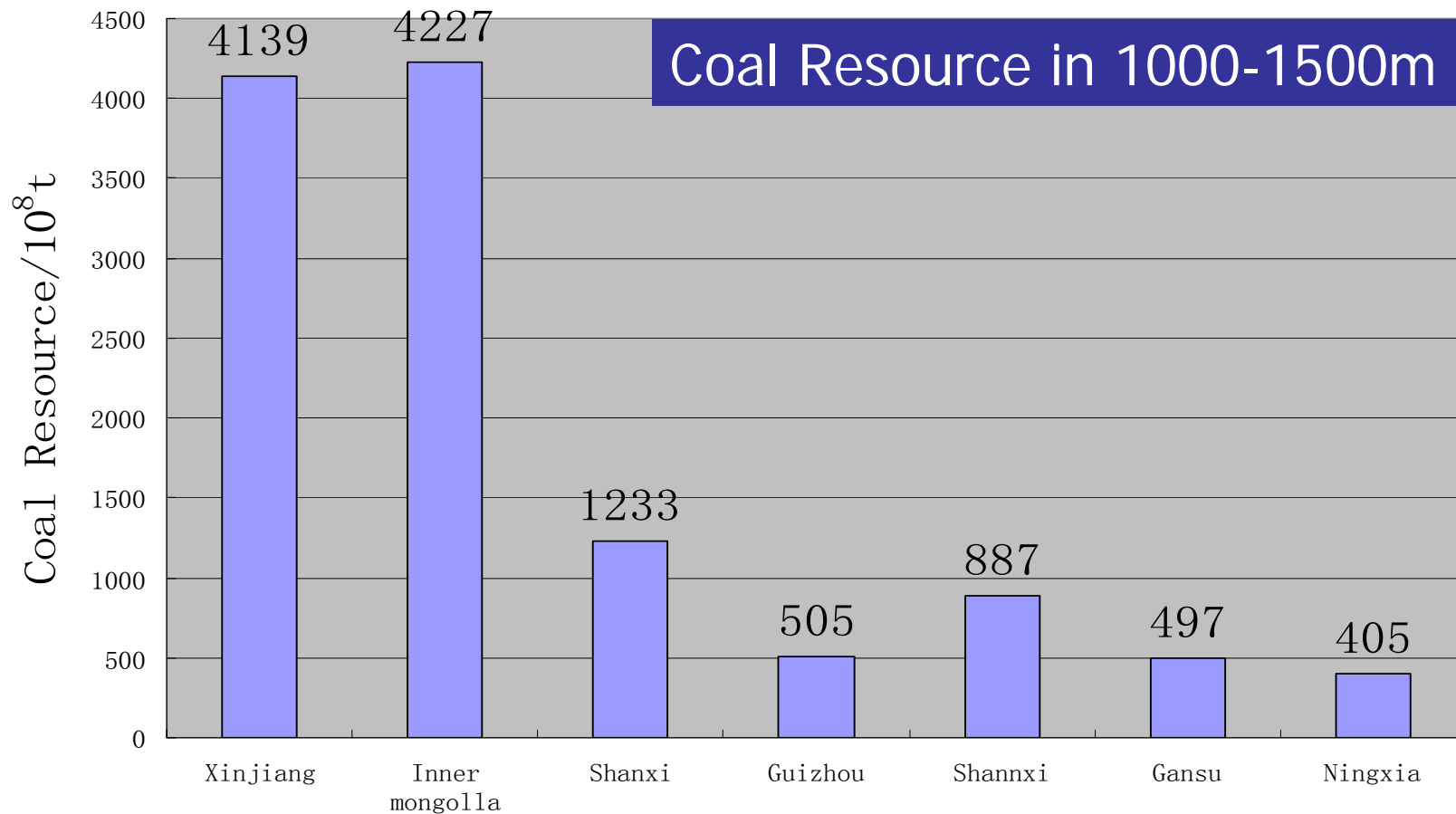


## 4. CO<sub>2</sub> storage potential in coal seams in China

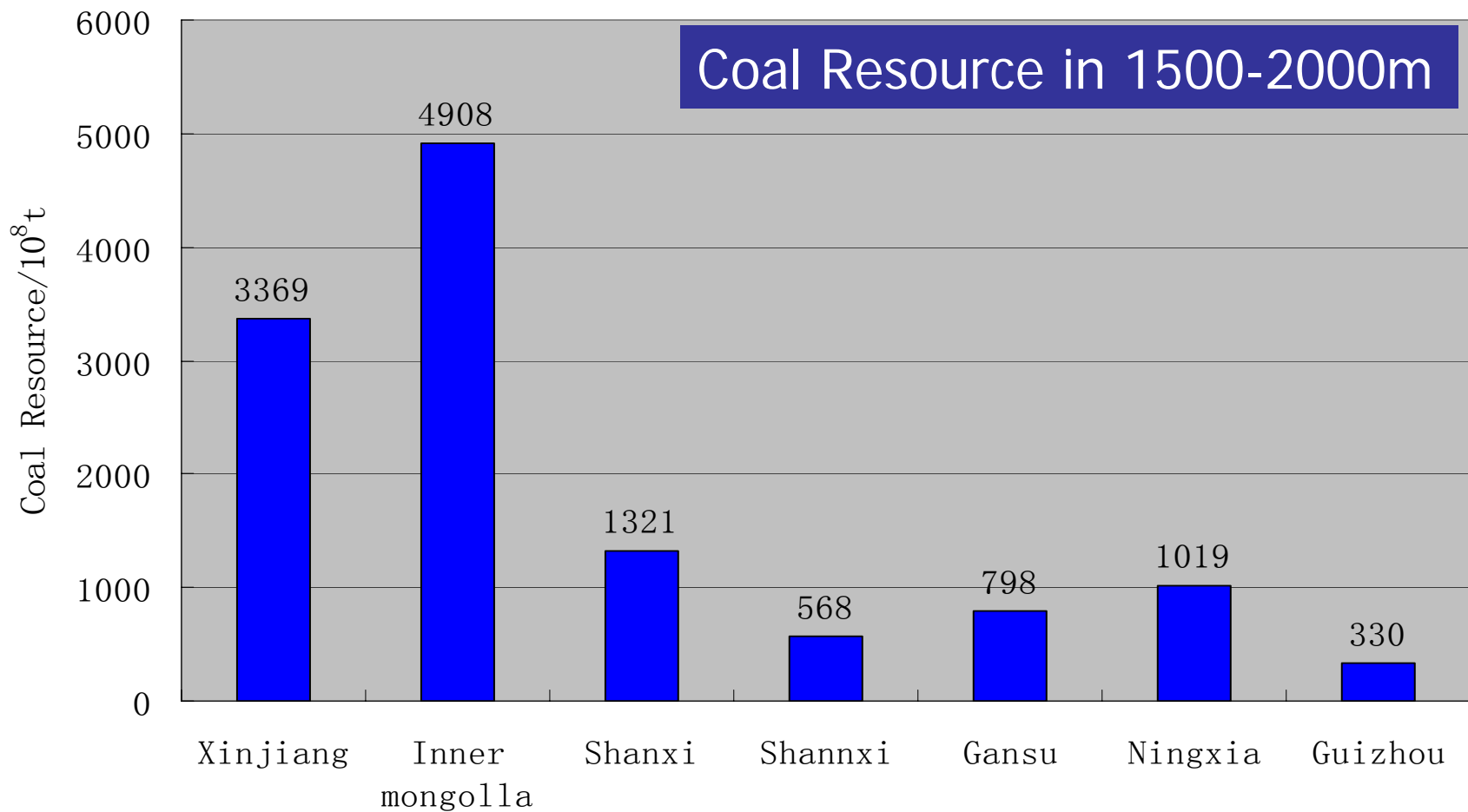
Coal resource for difference depth



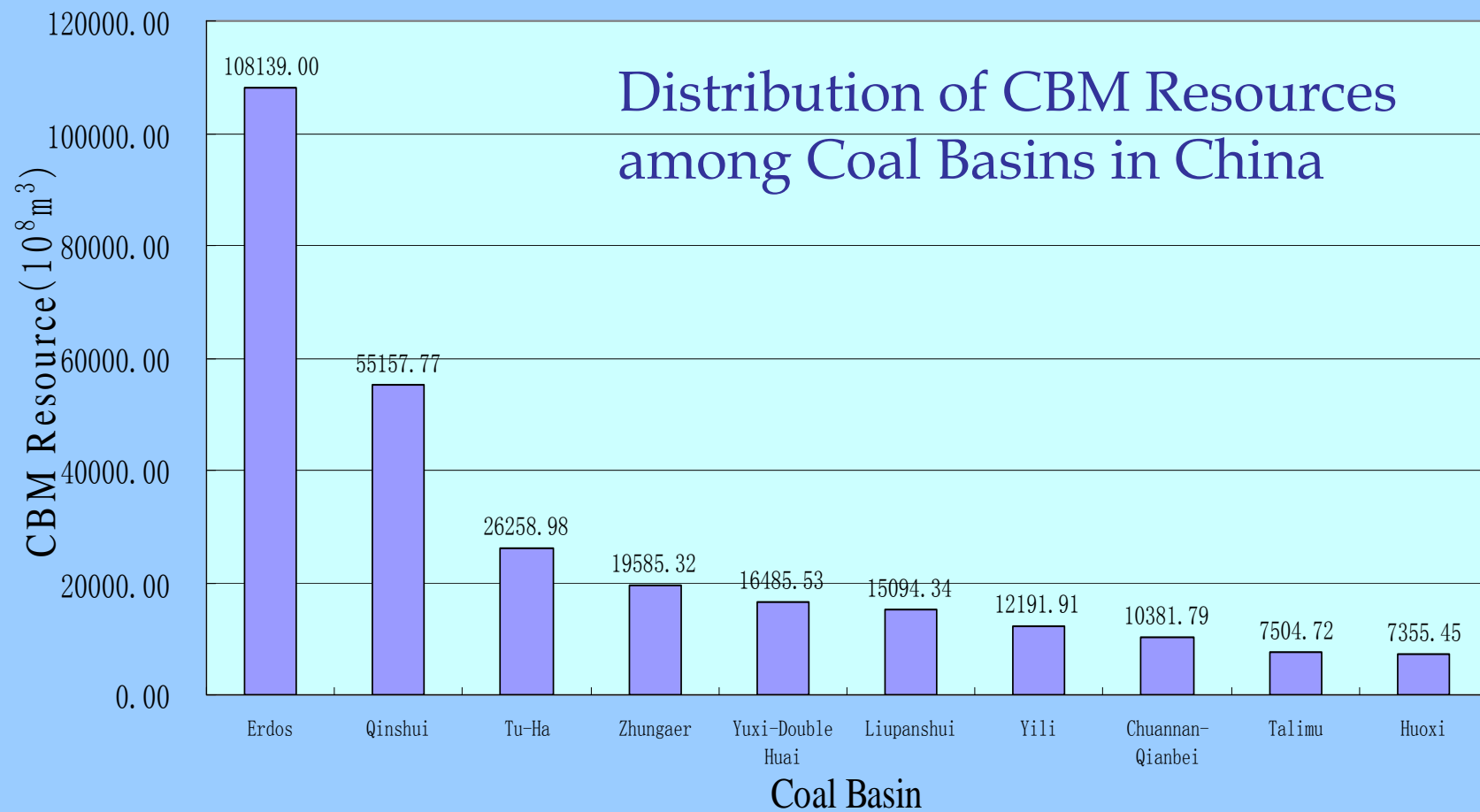
## 4. CO<sub>2</sub> storage potential in coal seams in China



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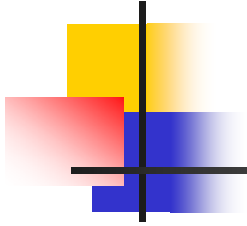




# Summary

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- ❑ Coal resource is rich in China, Total Coal resource is  $5.57 \times 10^{12}$ t. coal resource is  $2.71 \times 10^{12}$ t between 1000-2000m depth. Coal mainly distributes in North China and North-west China.
- ❑ That injecting CO<sub>2</sub> to coal seams not only enhance coalbed methane recovery, but also storage CO<sub>2</sub> .
- ❑ CO<sub>2</sub> storage potential on coal is great in China.



**THANK YOU**