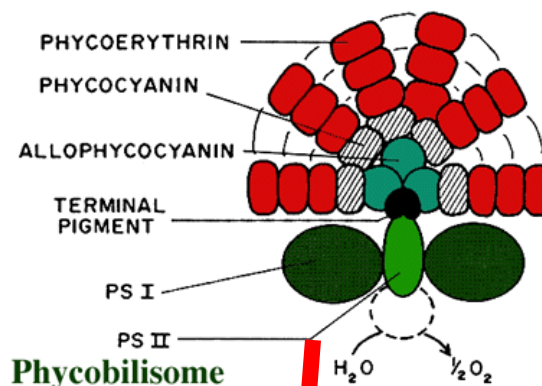
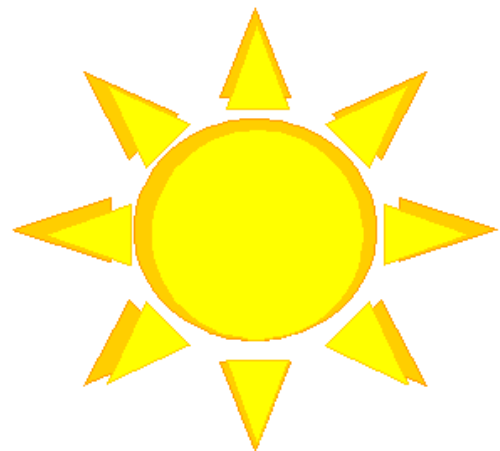


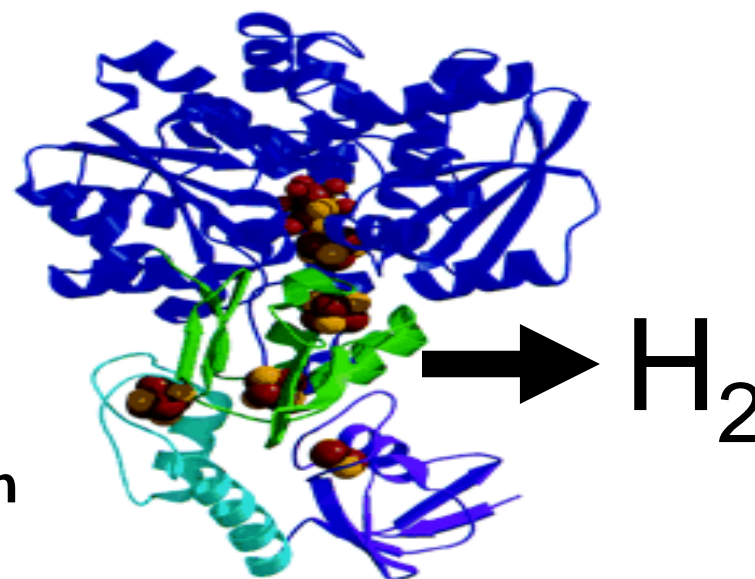
# Producing Fuels the Old-Fashioned Way: Using Biology



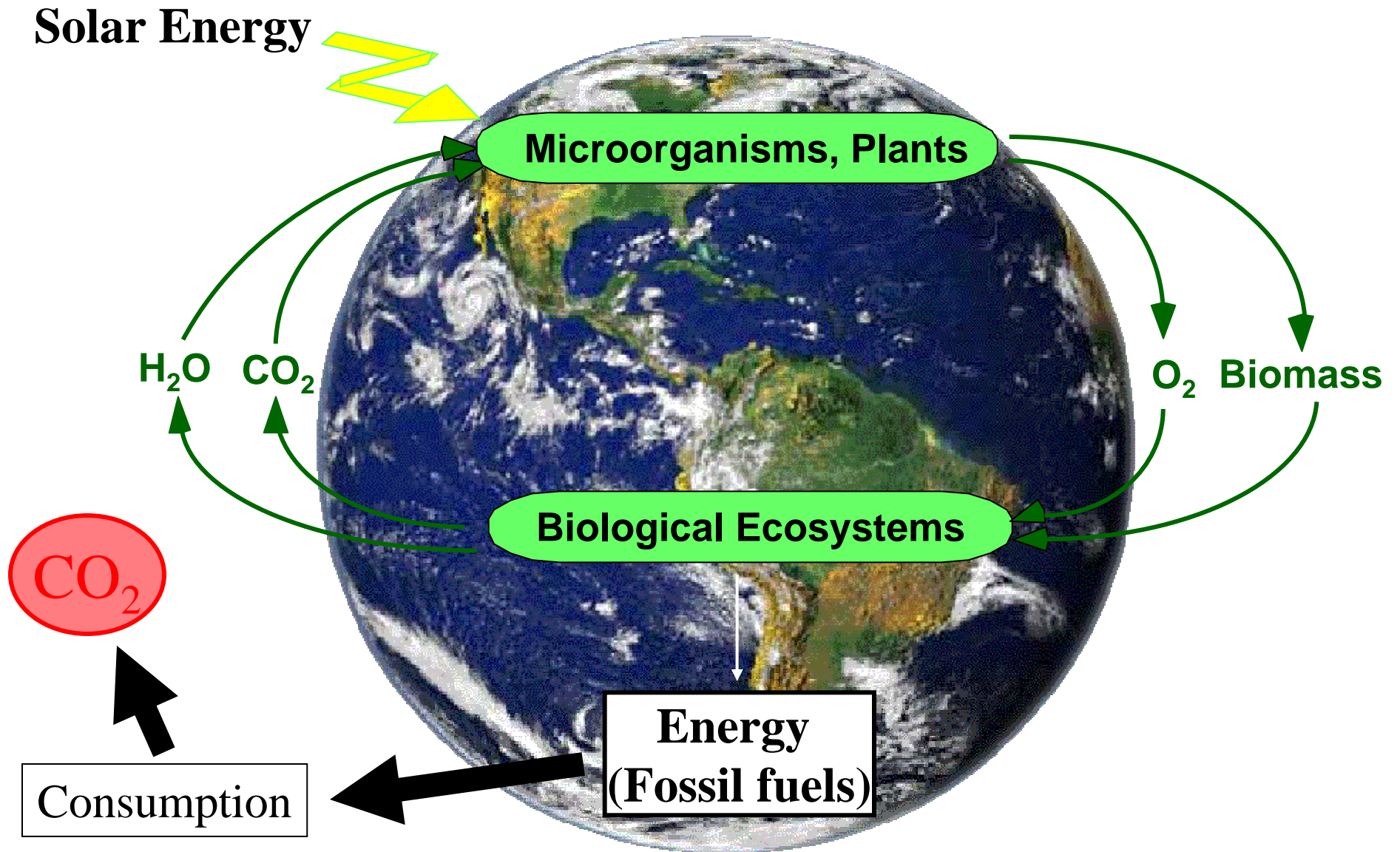
## Direct Solar BioHydrogen: Part II

**Jim Swartz**, Dept. of Chemical Engineering  
Dept. of Bioengineering  
Stanford University

With: **Marcus Boyer, Jim Stapleton,  
Jon Keuchenreuther, and Phil Smith**  
Dept. of Chemical Engineering



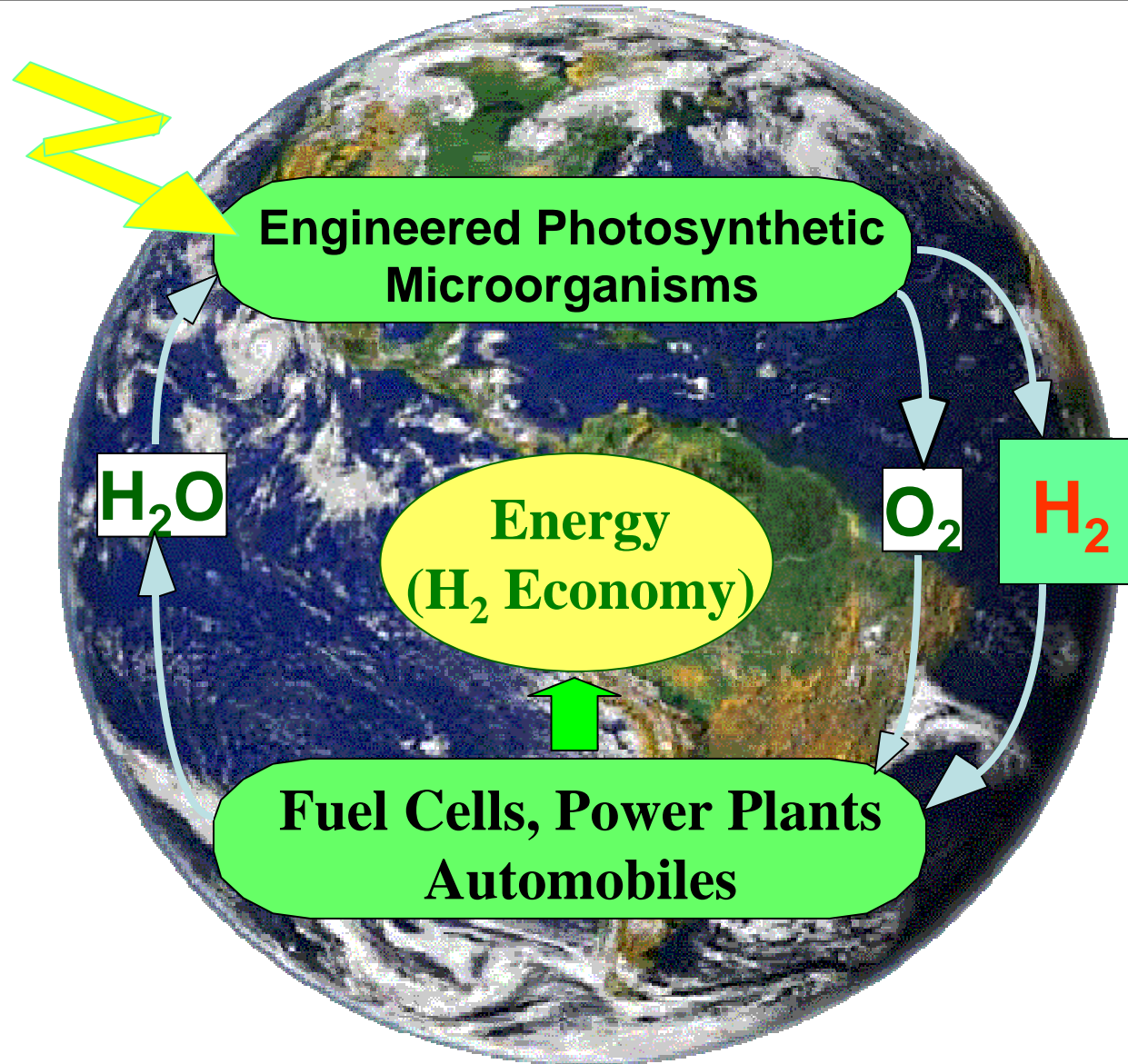
# Energy History: Planet Earth



# Sustainable Energy Future: Planet Earth

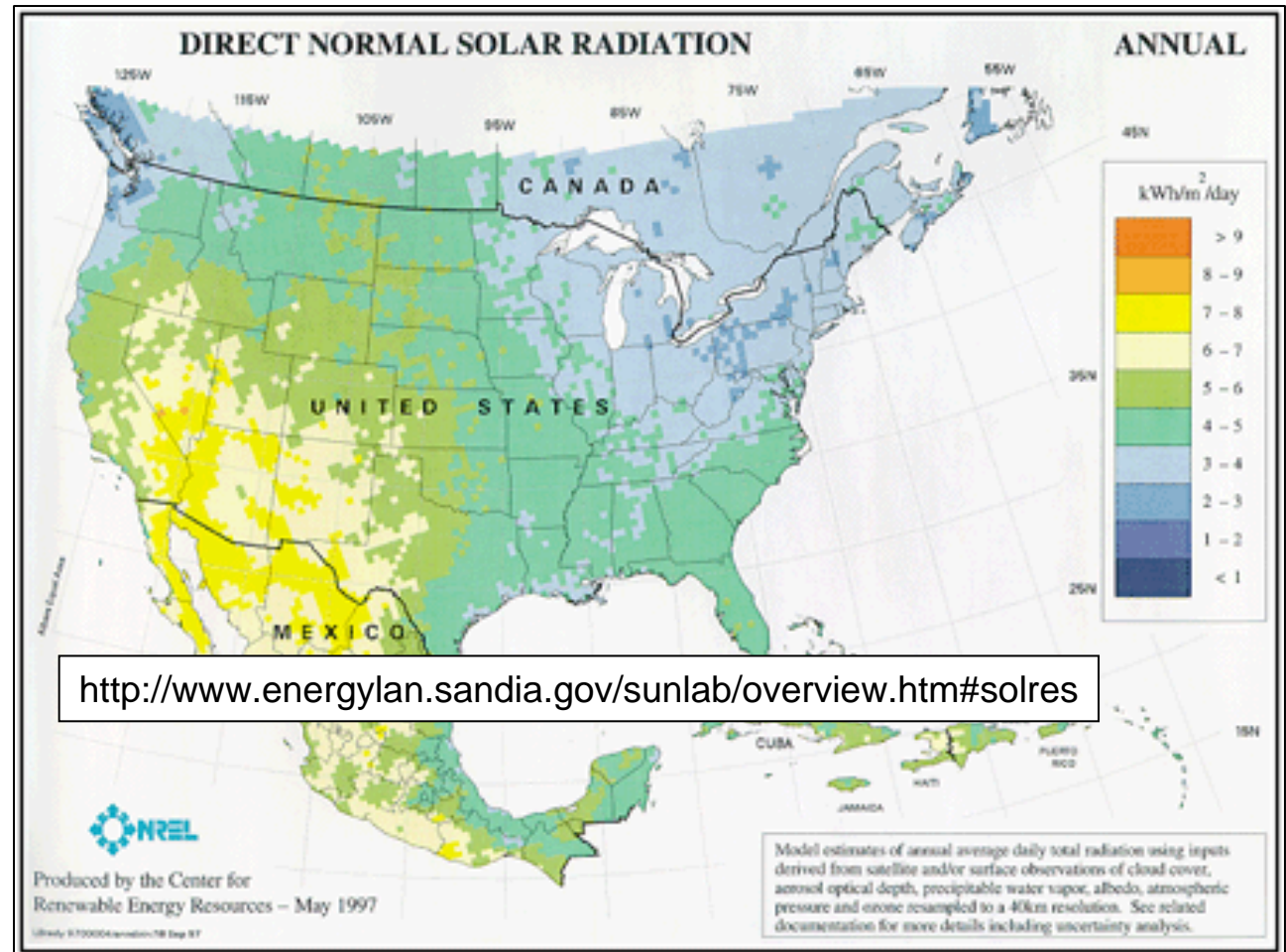
Solar Energy

Our  
Overall  
Proposal



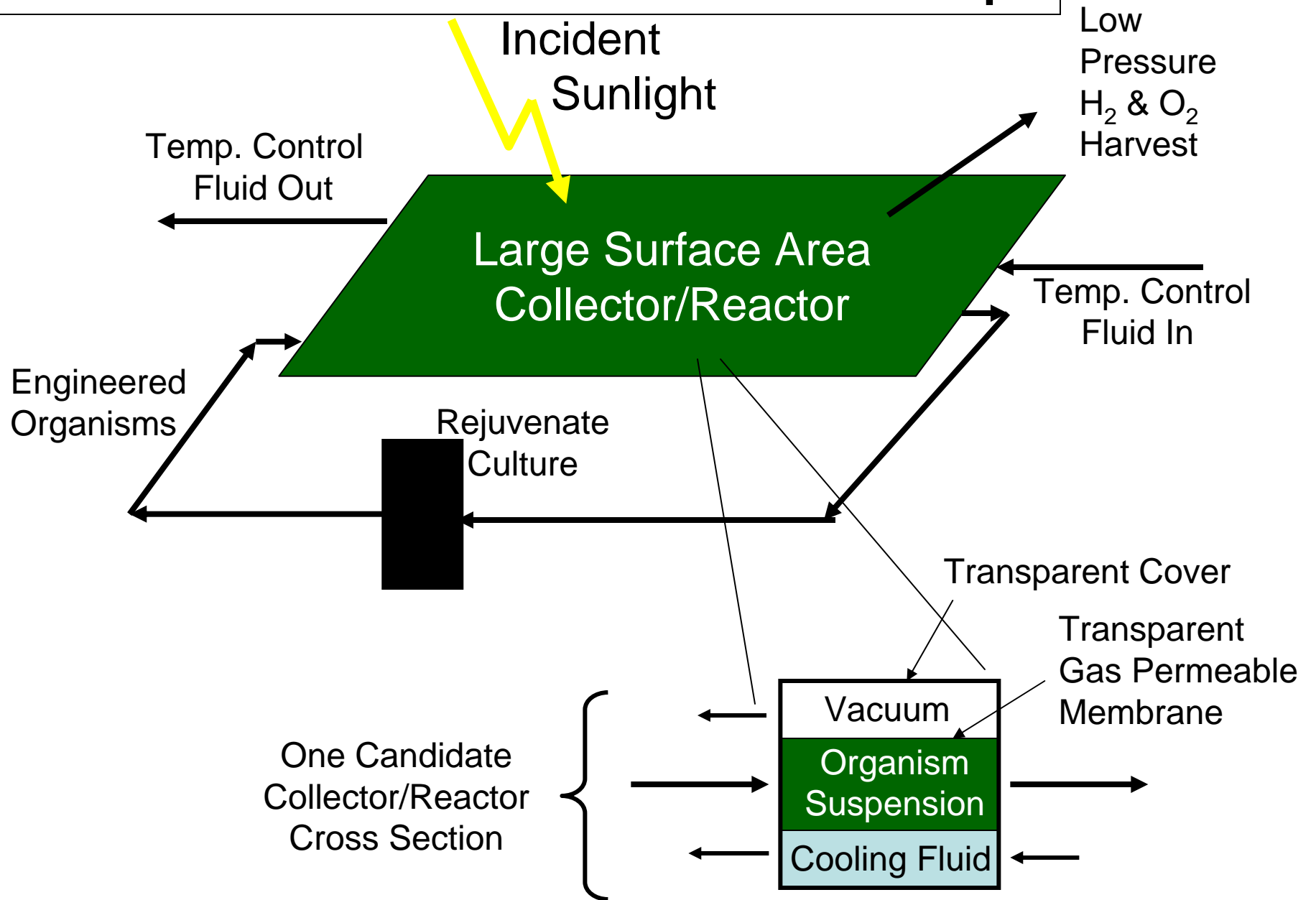
# Solar Energy Could Supply **ALL** of our Energy Needs

The solar resources for generating power from concentrating solar power systems is plentiful. For instance, enough electric power for the entire country could be generated by covering about 9 percent of Nevada – a plot of land 100 miles on a side\* – with parabolic trough systems.



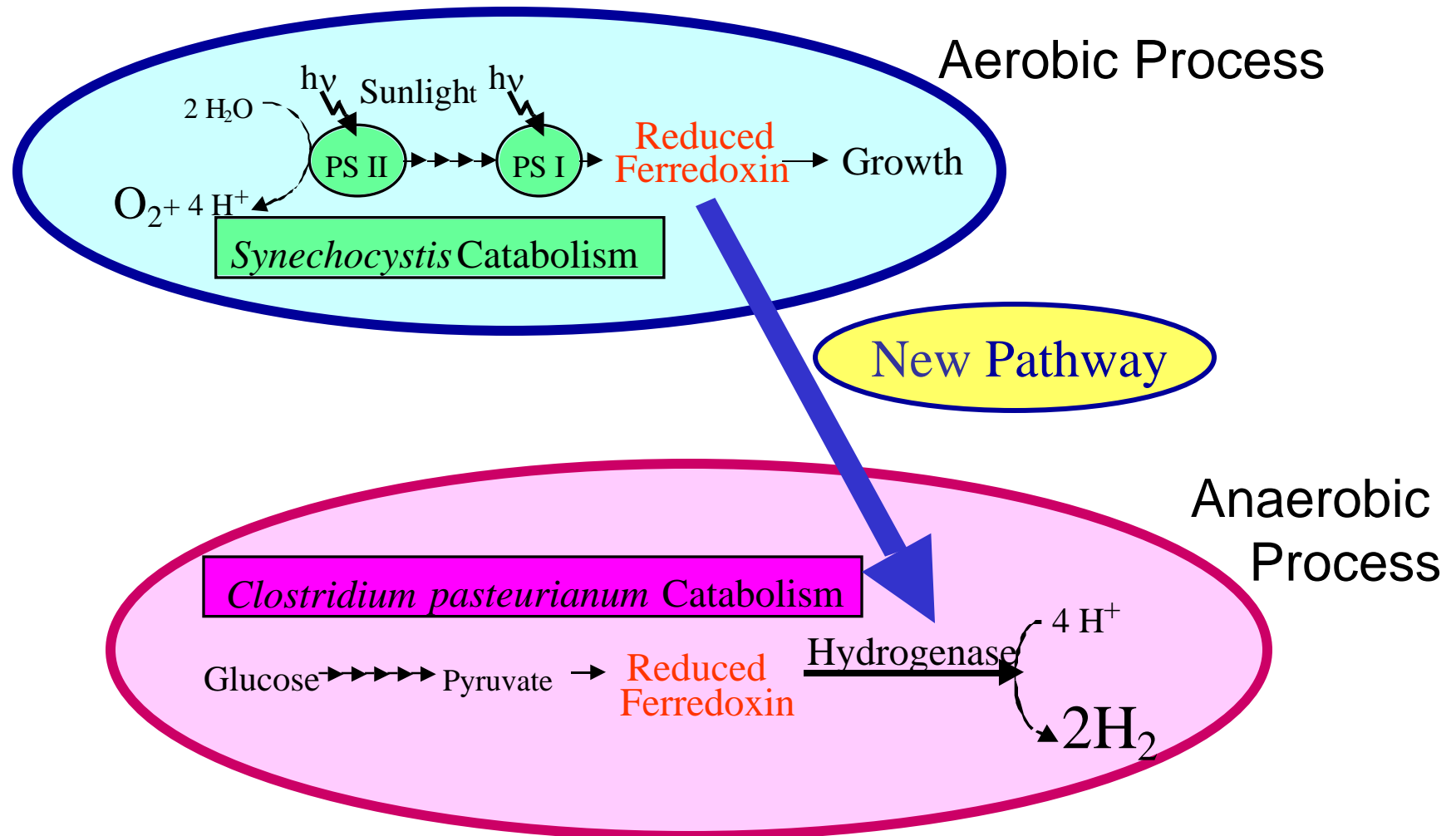
\* Equivalent to 1.7% of Current Cropland

# The Direct Conversion Concept



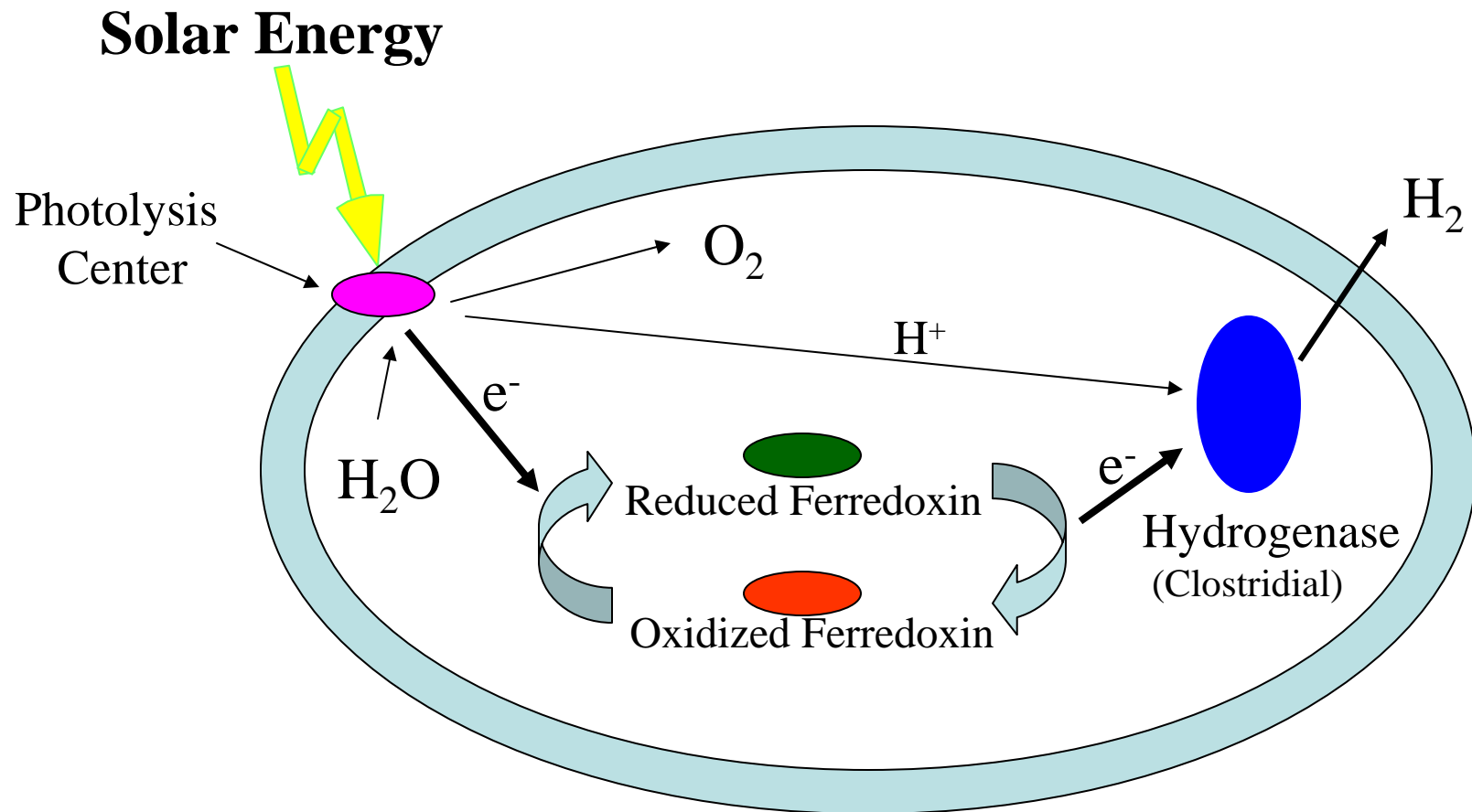
# Direct PhotoBiological Hydrogen Production: Building a New Electron Pathway

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# Direct PhotoBiological Hydrogen Production: Building a New Electron Pathway

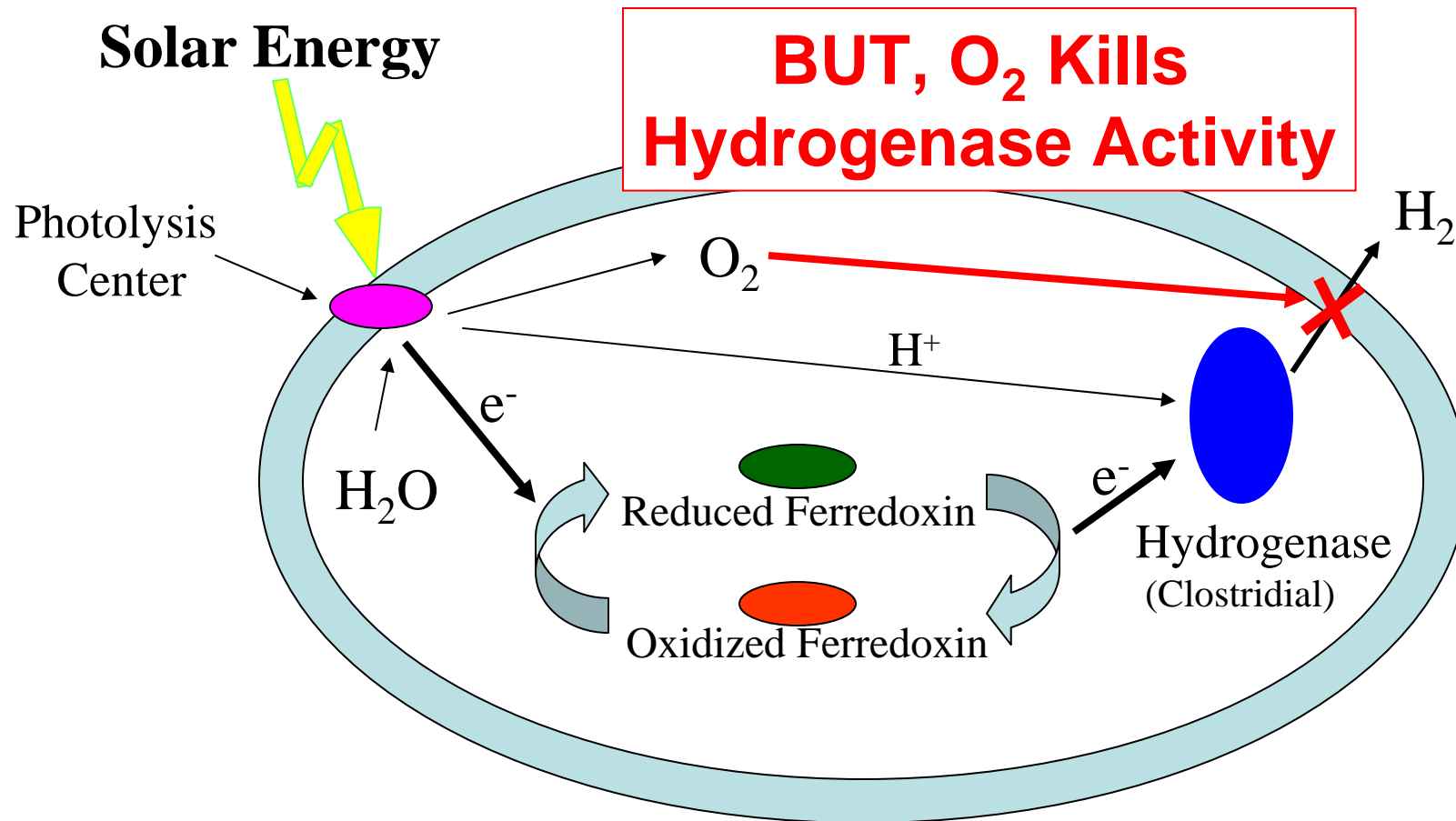
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Goal: Engineered *Synechocystis* Bacterium

# Direct PhotoBiological Hydrogen Production: Building a New Electron Pathway

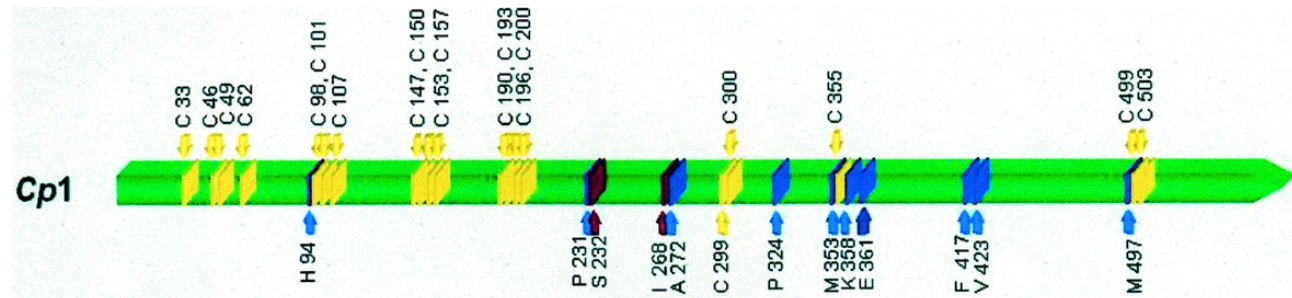
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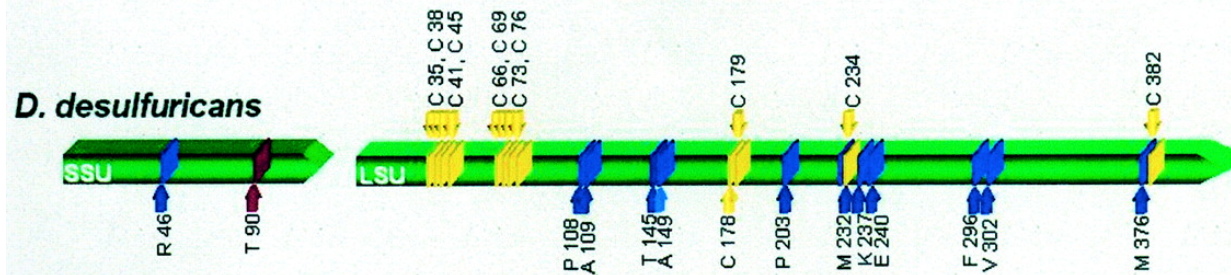
Goal: Engineered *Synechocystis* Bacterium

# Comparison of Different Fe-Fe Hydrogenases

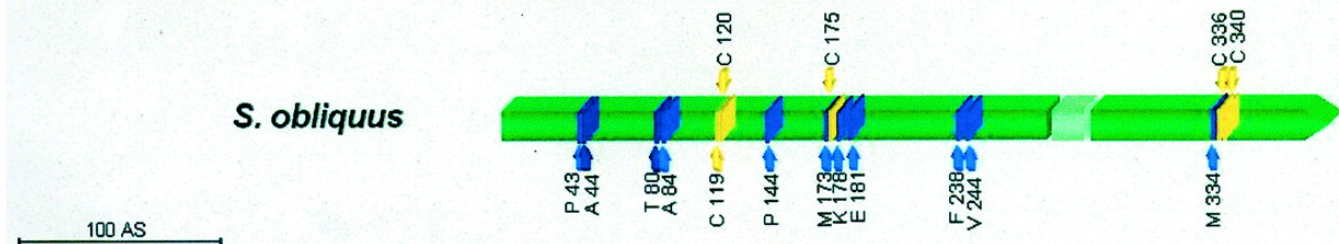
*Clostridium pasteurianum*



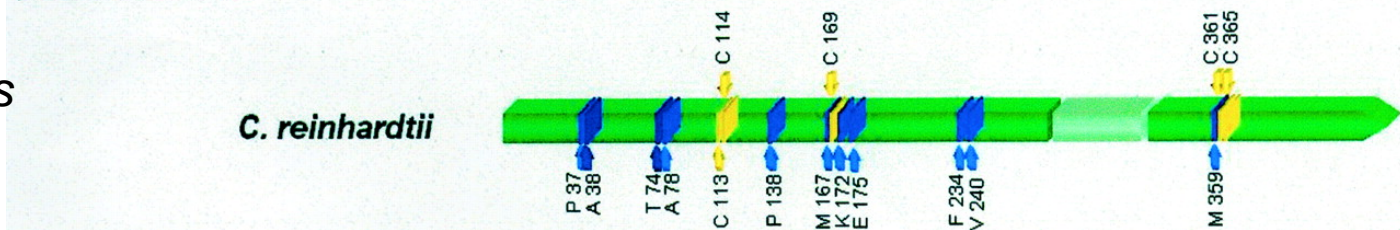
*Desulfovibrio desulfuricans*



*Scenedesmus obliquus*

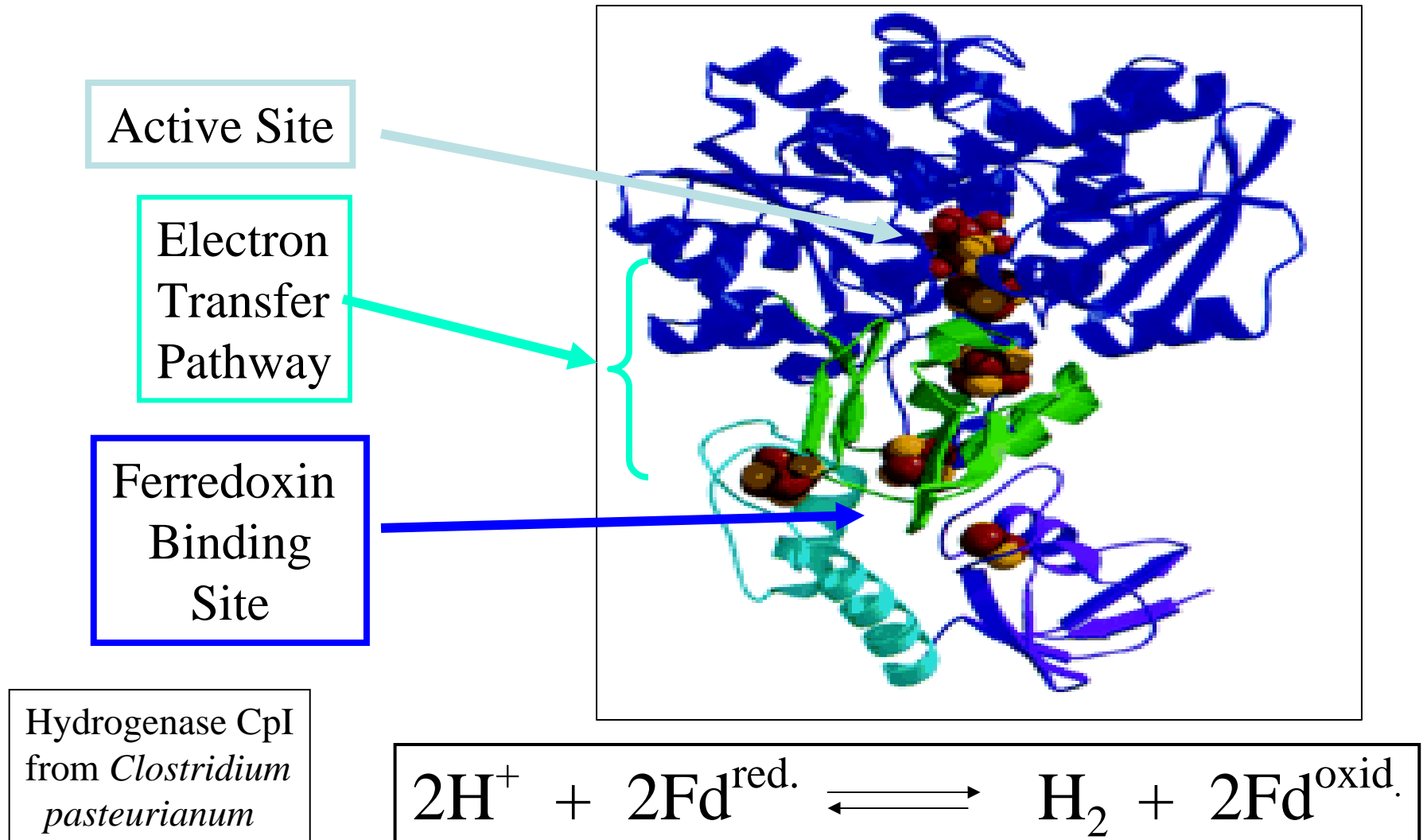


*Chlamydomonas reinhardtii*



100 AS

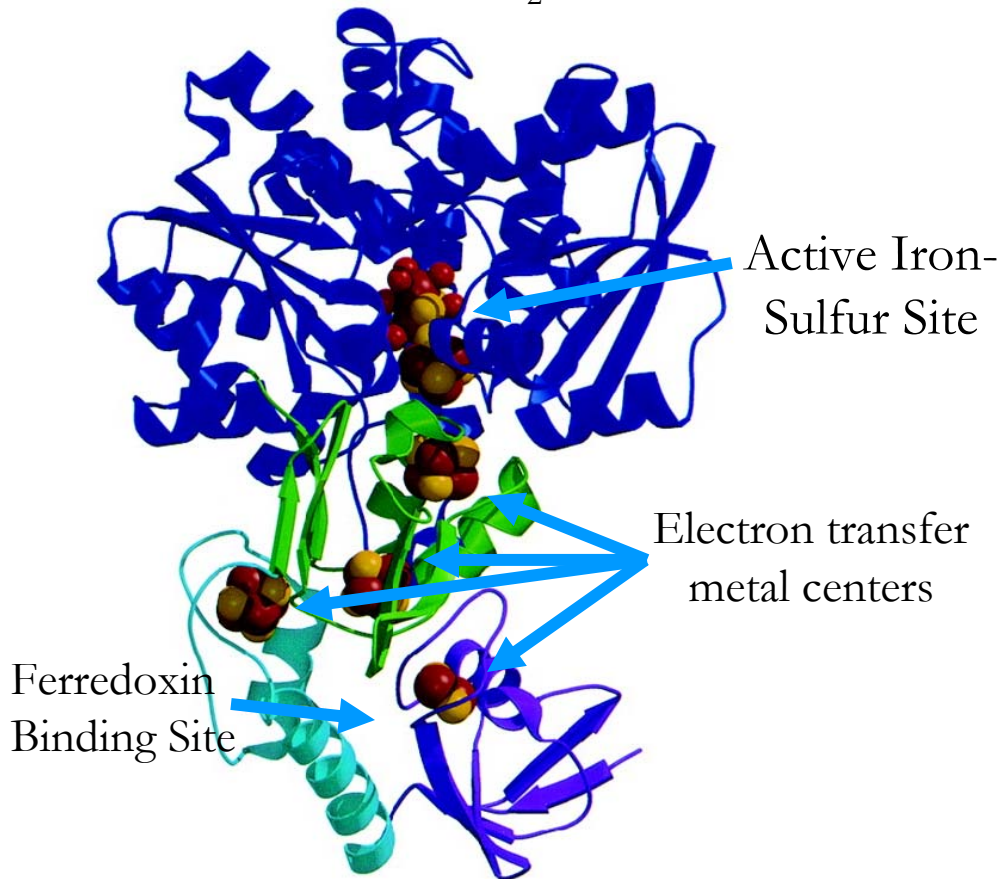
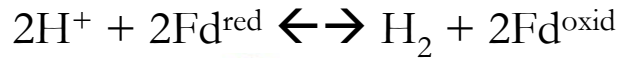
# The 3-D Structure is Known for the Hydrogenase from *Clostridium pasteurianum*





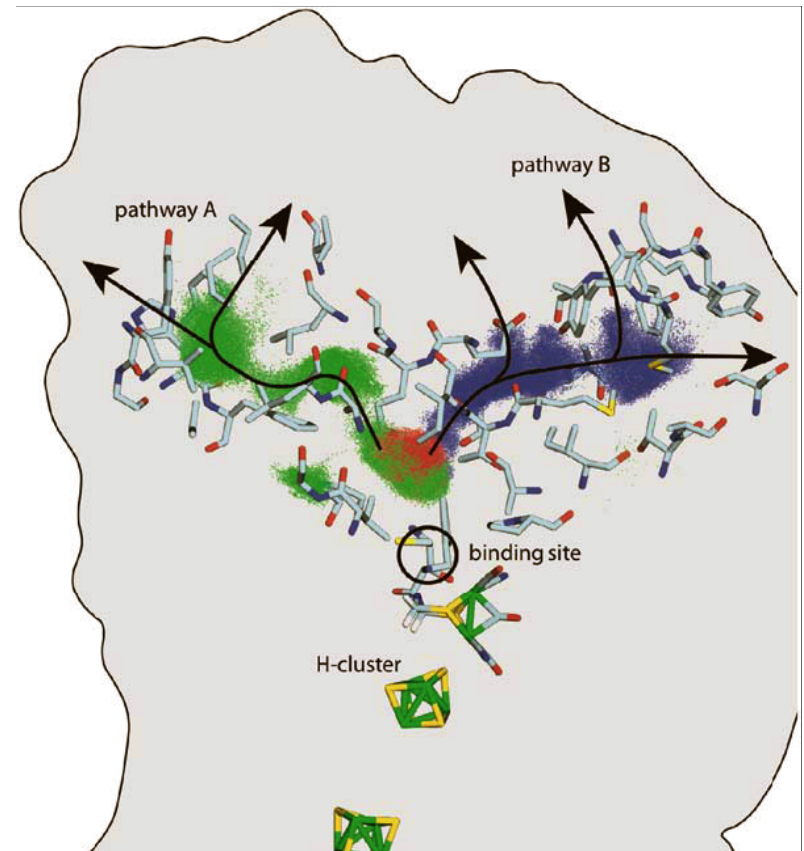
# A Recent Molecular Dynamic Model Suggests Two Oxygen Channels

Hydrogenase CpI from *Clostridium pasteurianum*<sup>1</sup>



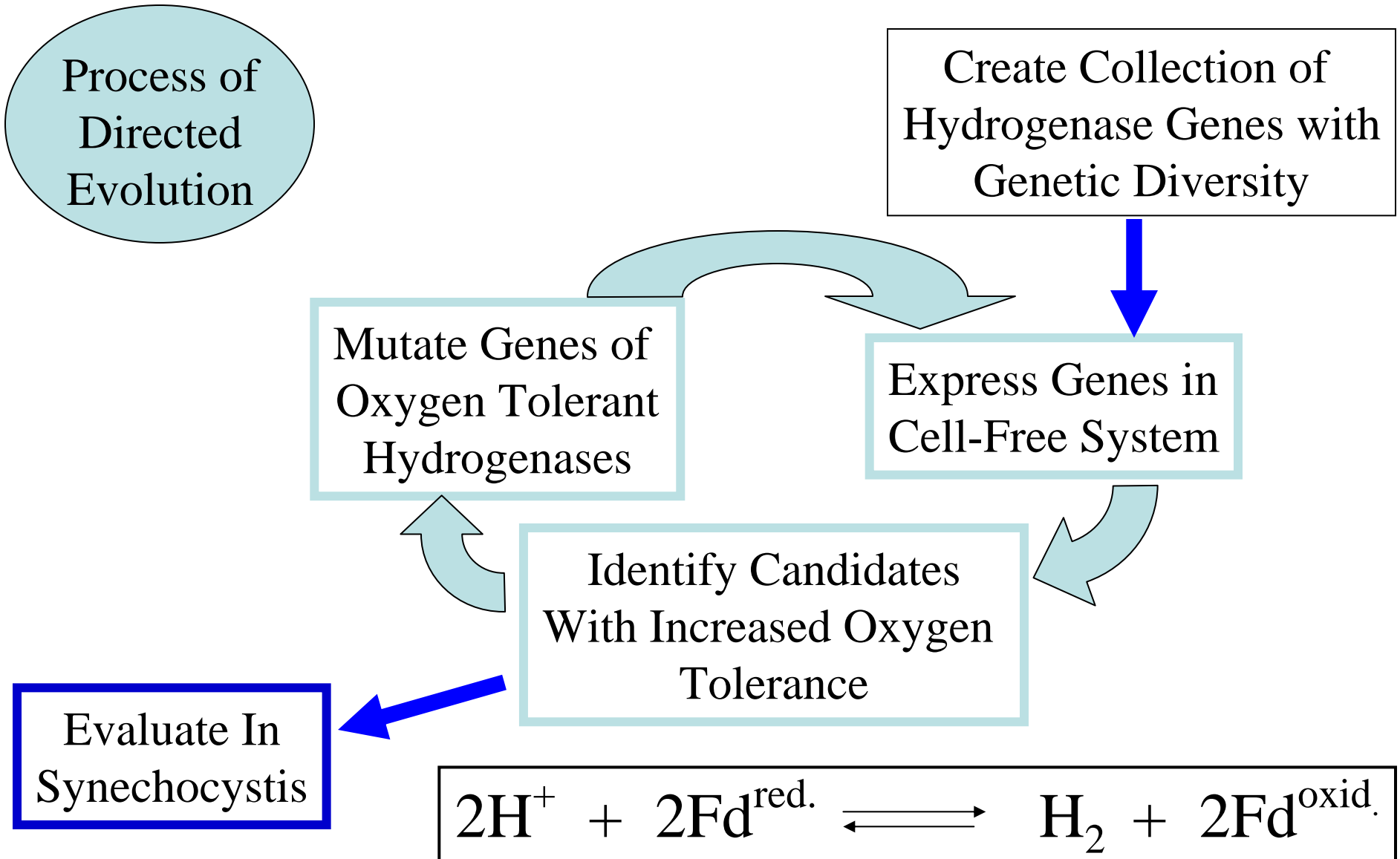
<sup>1</sup>Peters JW, Lanzilotta WN, Lemon BJ, Seefeldt LC. 1998. Science 282(5395):1853-1858.

Proposed model for O<sub>2</sub> diffusion in CpI<sup>2</sup>



<sup>2</sup>Cohen J, Kim K, King P, Seibert M, Schulten K. 2005. Structure 13(9):1321.

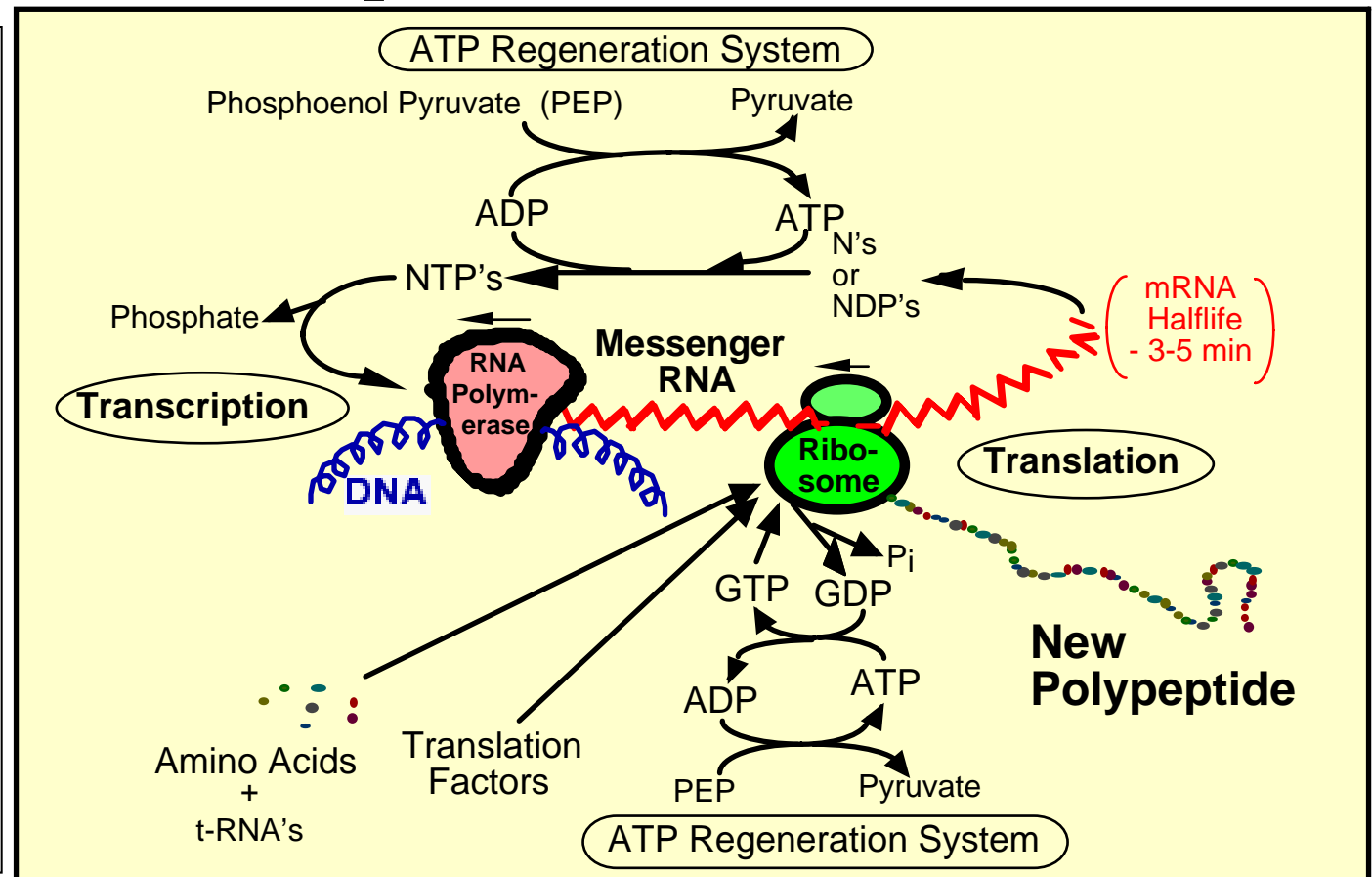
# We Will Use Directed Evolution to Produce Oxygen Tolerant Hydrogenases



# Cell-Free Protein Synthesis (CFPS) – Can Easily Conduct Multiple Parallel Reactions

## Combined Transcription/Translation: *E.coli*

1. Grow and Lyse *E.coli*
2. Prepare Extract
3. Add Substrates, Salts, and Folding Aids
4. Add Template
5. Incubate



**Provides Direct Access and Control and Rapid Analysis**

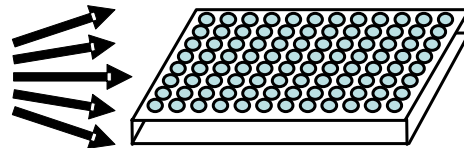
# Screening Strategy

Generate Diversity

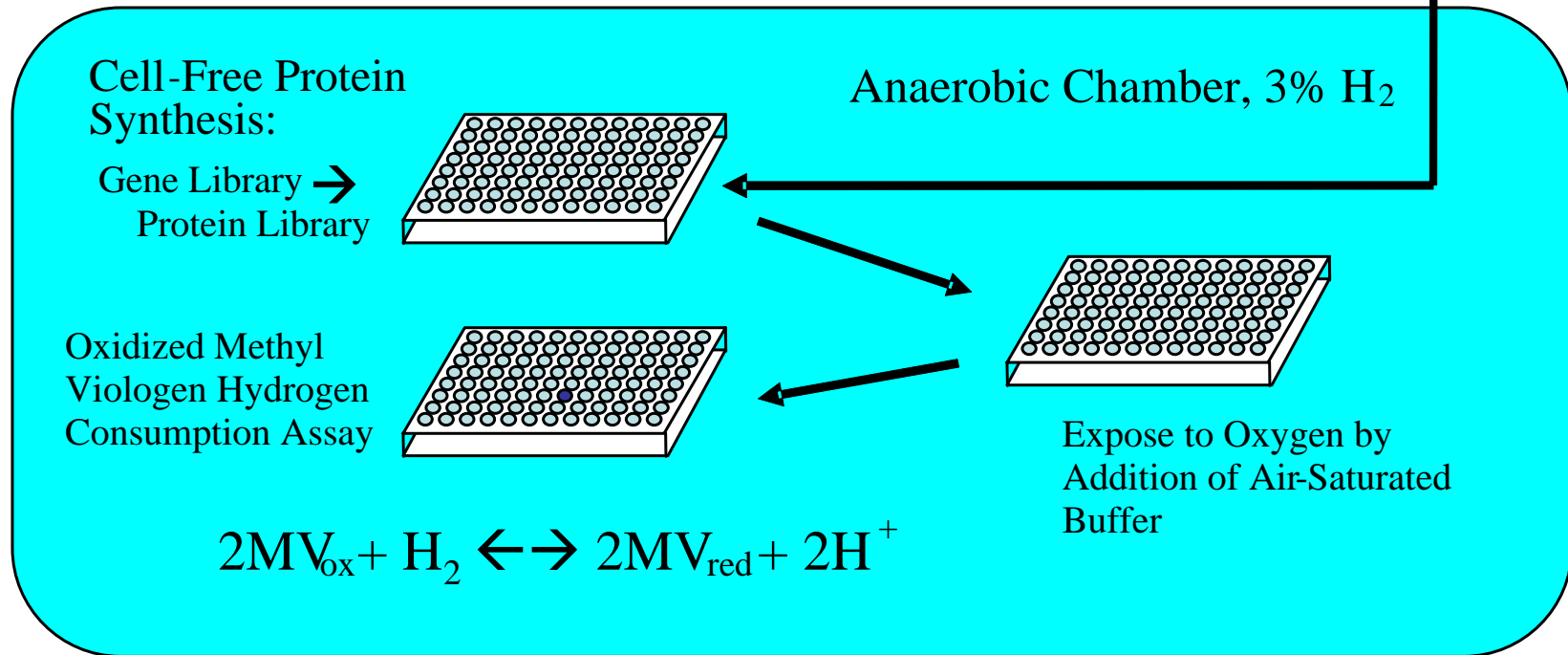
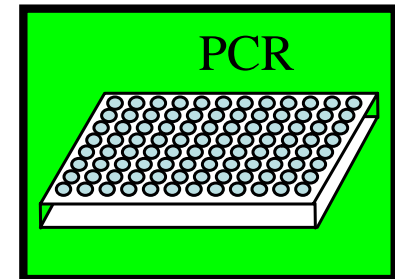


Mutant  
Library

Isolate Mutants by Dilution



Amplify Mutants



# Single Molecule PCR (smPCR) Allows Clonal Separation

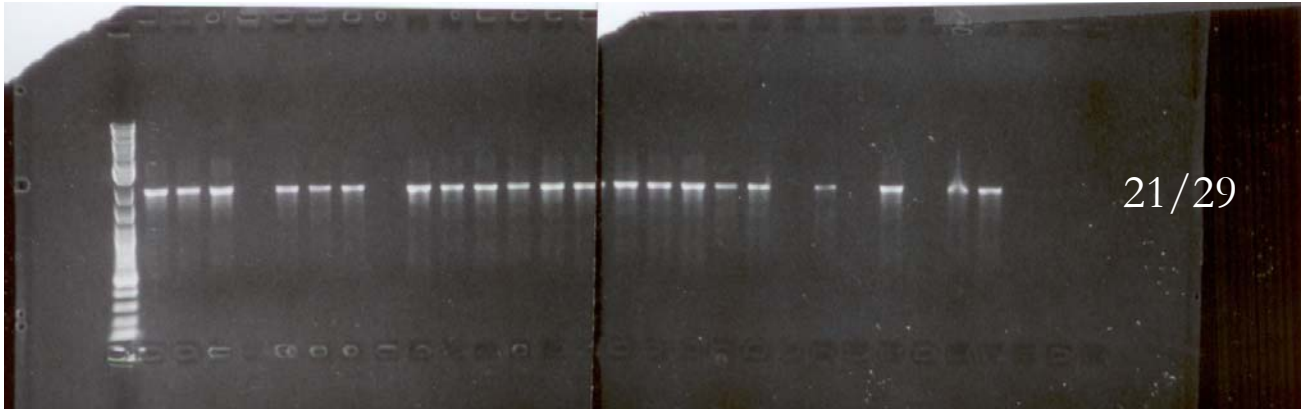
- Dilution to single molecule level is crucial
- Poisson distribution describes single molecule statistics
- For Leu66 ( $10^7$  dilution of library):

$$P(k) = \frac{m^k e^{-m}}{k!}$$

P is the probability of getting k DNA molecules in a specified well, when  $m$  = average # DNA molecules per well

For  $K = 0$

$$P(0) = \frac{m^0 e^{-m}}{0!} = e^{-m} \quad m = -\ln[P(0)]$$



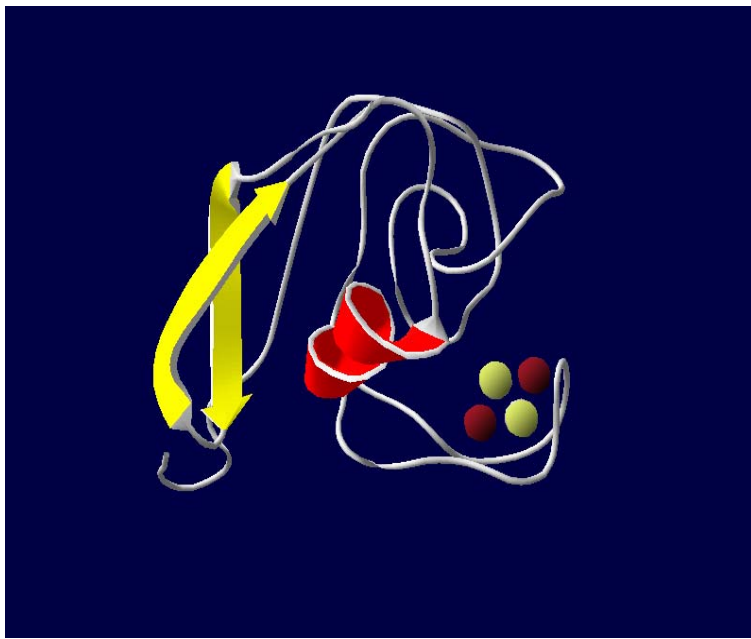
The  $10^7$  dilution contains 1.23 molecules/ $\mu$ L

Data from Phil Smith

Methodology developed by Jim Stapleton

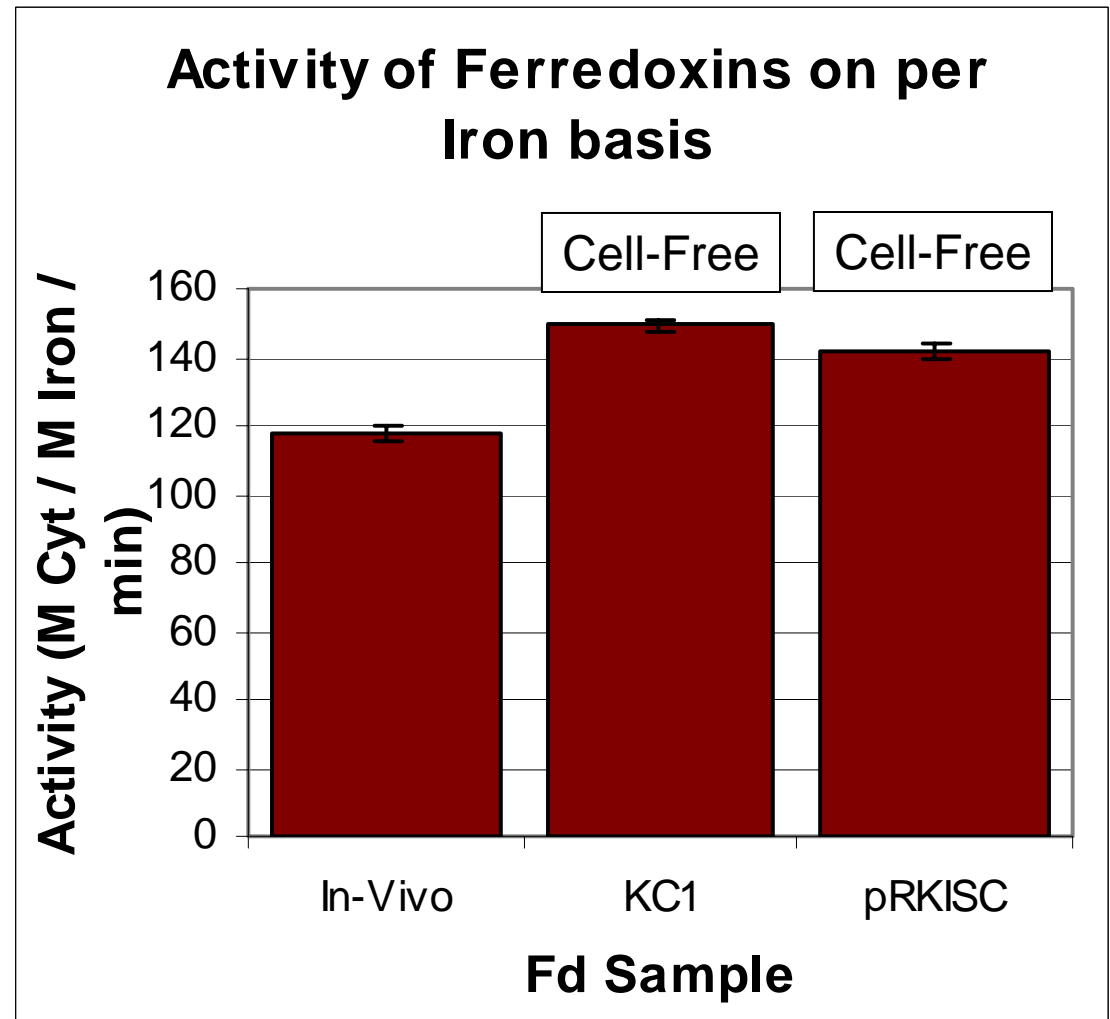
We Began with Ferredoxin. It also Needs an Fe-S Center

## Cell-Free Produced Ferredoxins are Fully Active



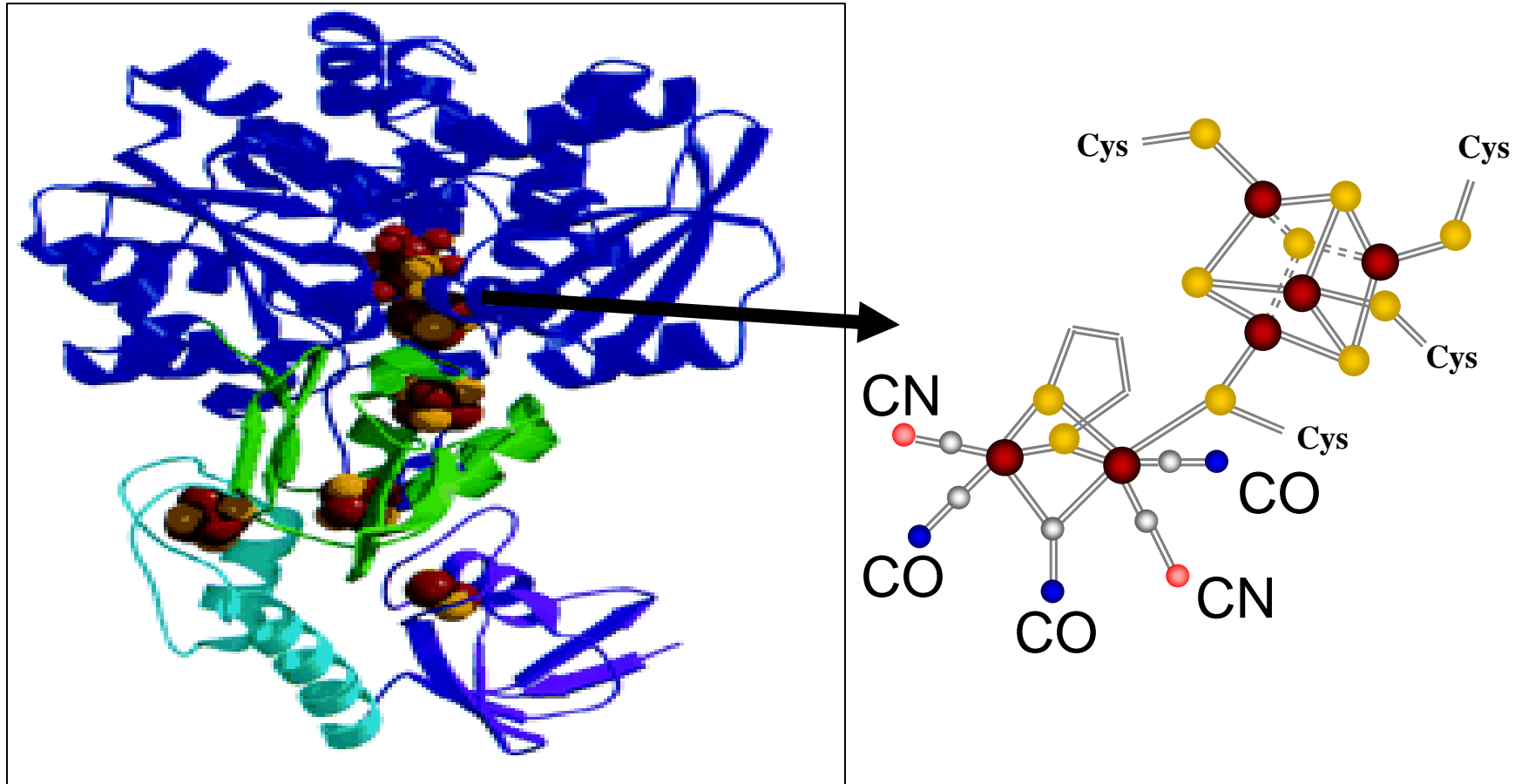
*Synechocystis* Ferredoxin

Marcus Boyer



# The Active Site of Fe-Fe Hydrogenases is Complicated: Stabilized by Cysteines, Carbon Monoxide, and Cyanide

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# Discovery of Two Novel Radical S-Adenosylmethionine Proteins Required for the Assembly of an Active [Fe] Hydrogenase\*

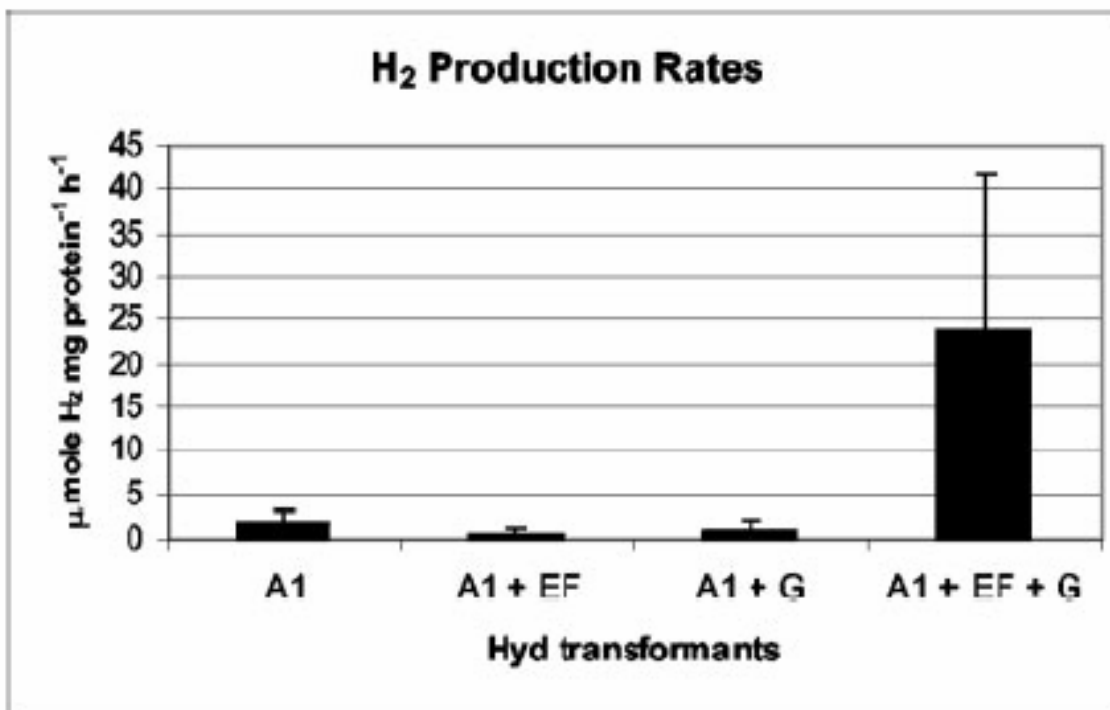
Received for publication, March 23, 2004, and in revised form, April 13, 2004  
Published, JBC Papers in Press, April 13, 2004, DOI 10.1074/jbc.M403206200

Matthew C. Posewitz<sup>‡§</sup>, Paul W. King<sup>‡</sup>, Sharon L. Smolinski<sup>‡</sup>, Liping Zhang<sup>‡¶</sup>, Michael Seibert<sup>‡</sup>,  
and Maria L. Ghirardi<sup>‡||</sup>

From the <sup>‡</sup>National Renewable Energy Laboratory and the <sup>§</sup>Department of Environmental Science and Engineering,  
Colorado School of Mines, Golden, Colorado 80401

**FIG. 5. Hydrogen production rates from purified HydA1 heterologously expressed in *E. coli* either alone or co-expressed with the indicated Hyd proteins.**

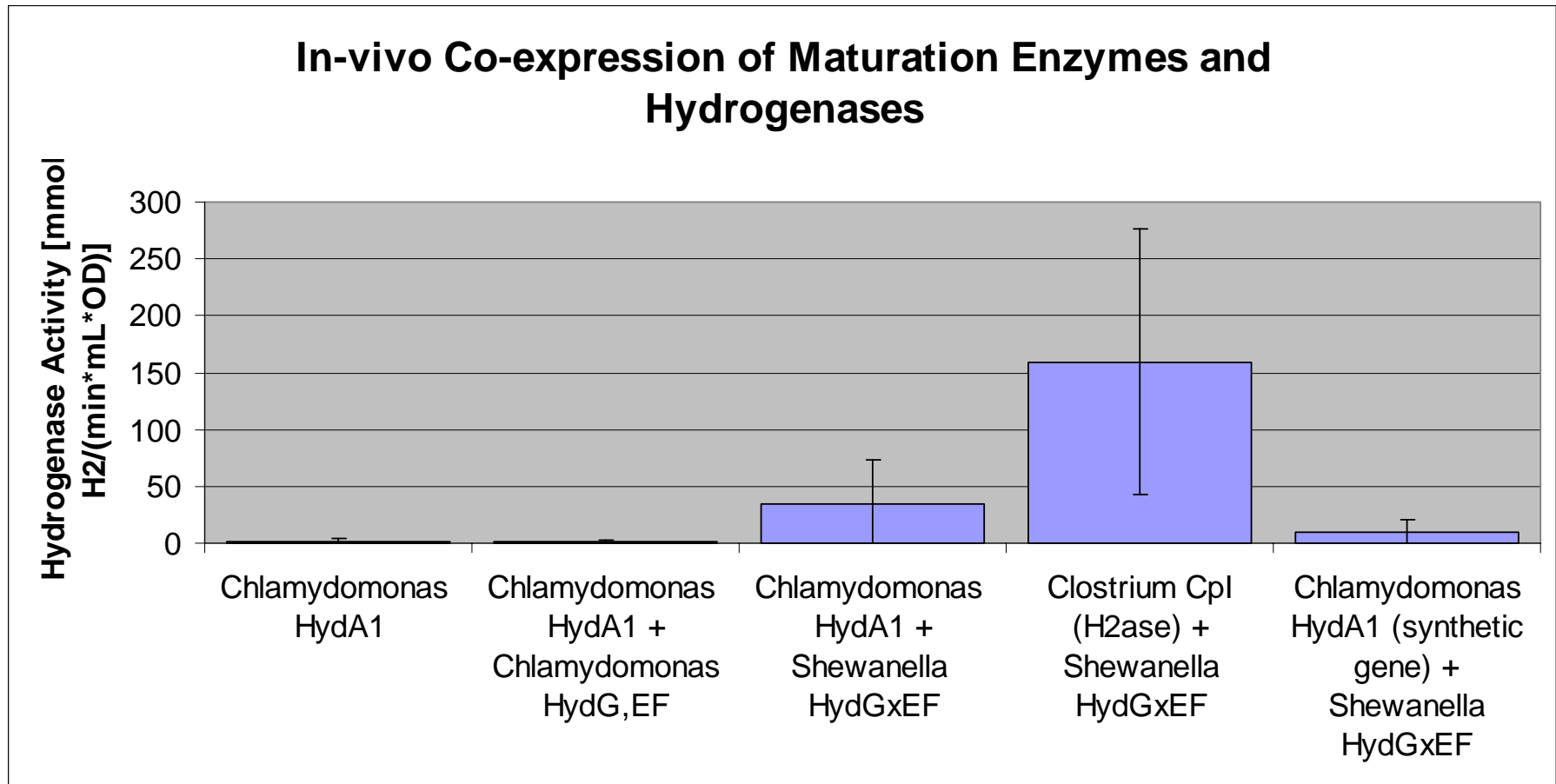
Hydrogen production was measured using the methyl viologen-based assay. The data shown represent the average of four independent experiments; average deviations from the mean are shown.



\*Genes Taken from *Chlamydomonas reinhardtii*

# Hydrogenase Expression in *E.coli* Identified Much Better Helper Proteins

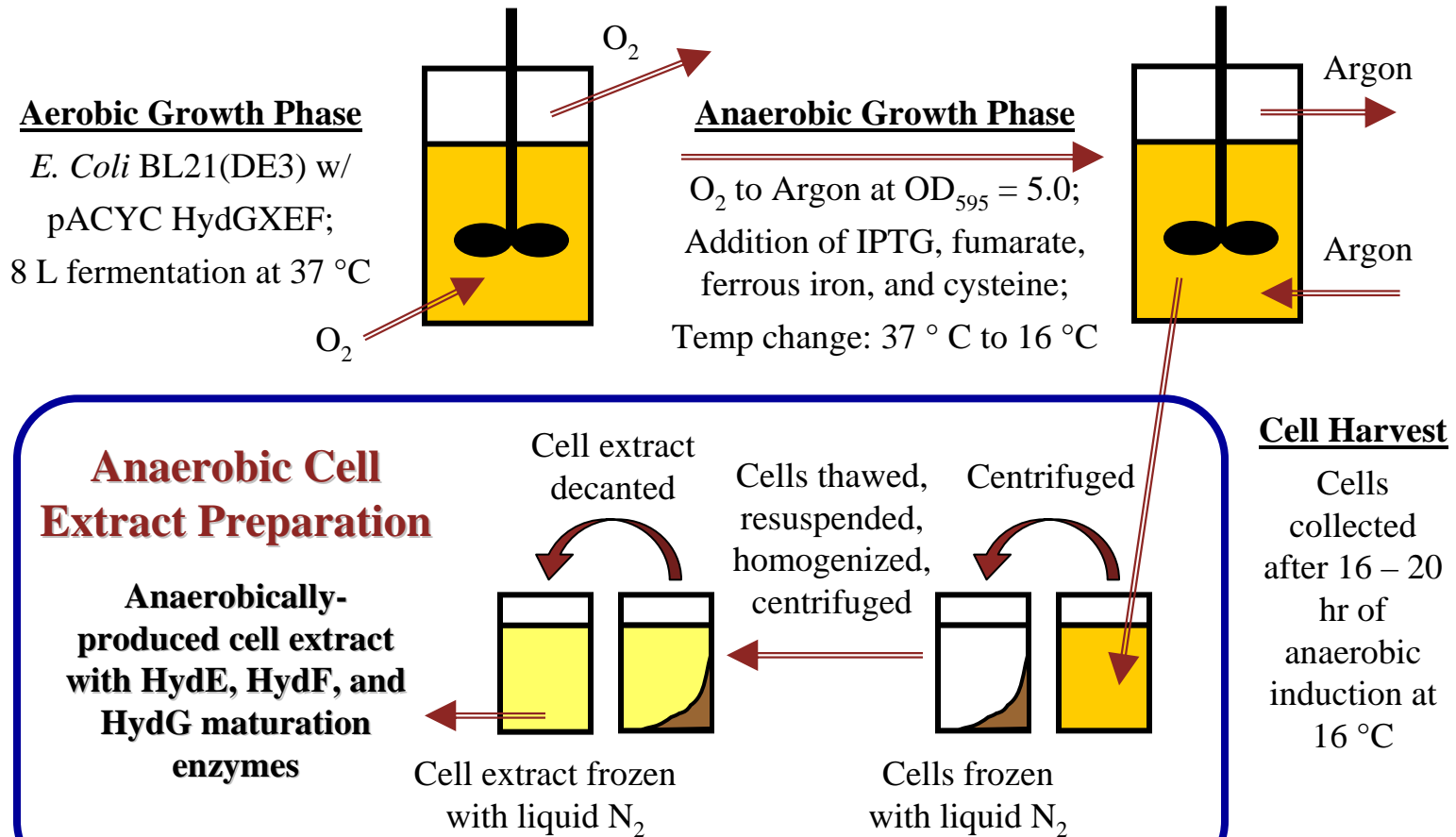
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Marcus Boyer, Chia-Wei Wang, Jackie Ng

# Producing Active Cell Extract Is a Complicated Procedure

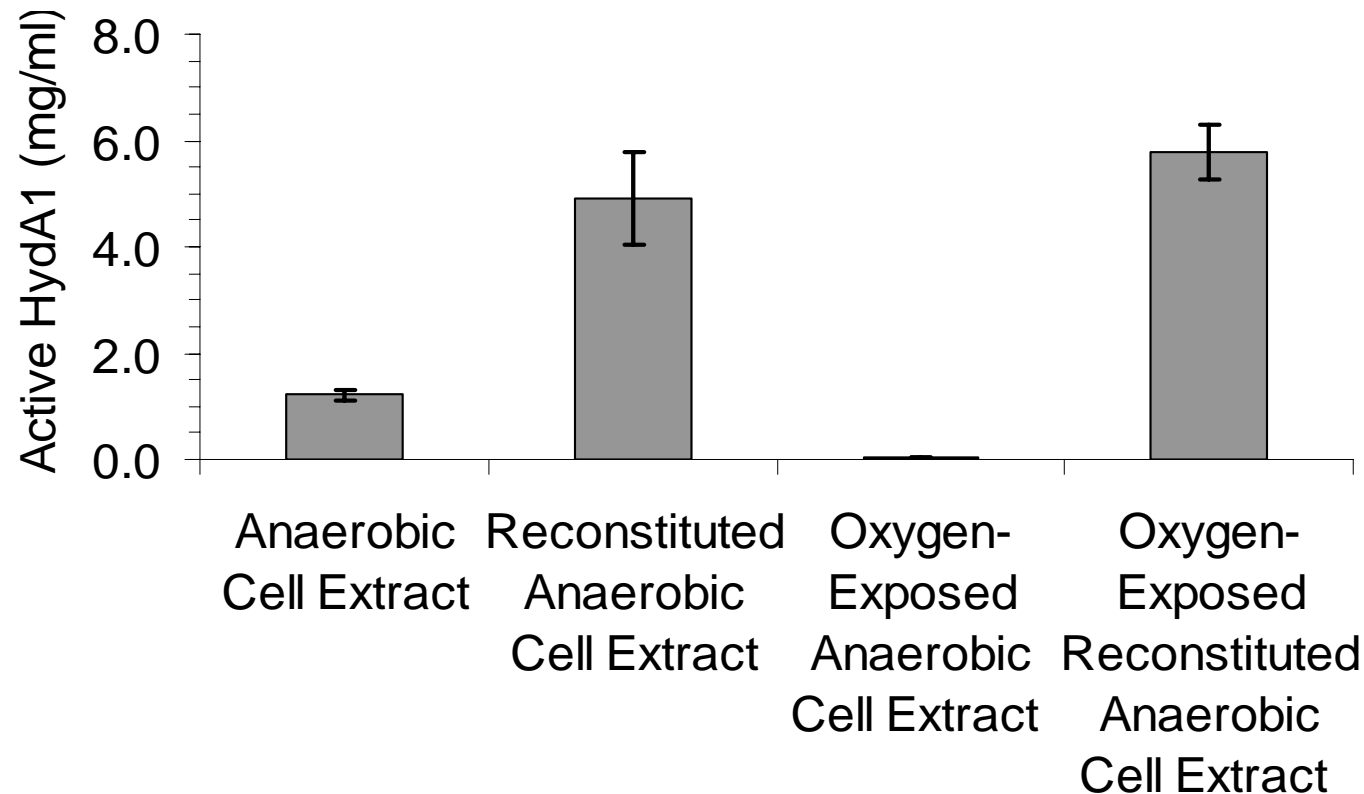
## Anaerobic Production of Cell Extract for Cell-Free Synthesis of Active [FeFe] Hydrogenase



## Activity of Cell Extracts Can be Significantly Increased by “Reconstitution”

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The Helper Proteins HydE, HydG, and HydF are all 4Fe-4S Proteins.\*

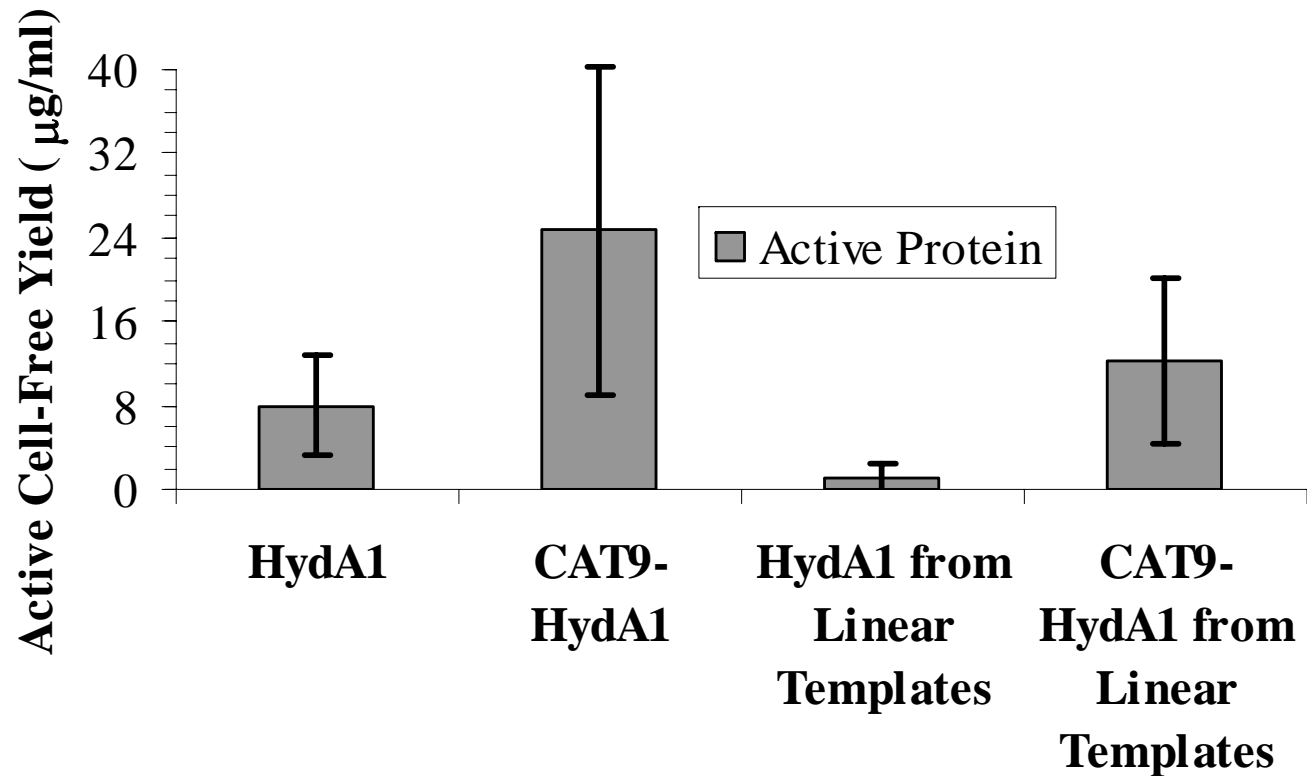


“Reconstitution” is Effected by Incubation of Cell Extract with:  
1mM  $\text{Fe}(\text{NH}_4)_2(\text{SO}_4)_2$ , 1mM  $\text{Na}_2\text{S}$ , and 1 mM Dithiothreitol (DTT)  
**Jonny Kuchenreuther and Marcus Boyer**

\*Brazzolotto, ..., Marc Fontecave, J. Biol. Chem. 281:769, 2006

## Improved Translational Initiation Gives Higher Active Yields

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# New Insights: The Devil is in the Details

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We must better understand:

The Function and the Activation of the Helper Proteins  
as well as any other Requirements for Hydrogenase Activation:

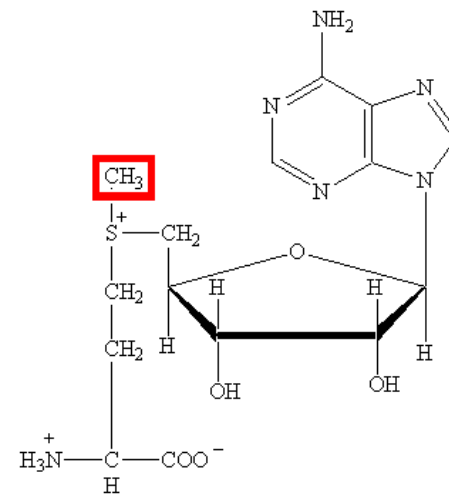
- A) Required for Effective Screening of Hydrogenase Mutants
- B) Required for Activation of Hydrogenase when it is Expressed in Photosynthetic Organism.

Fontecave's work suggests requirements for:  
Guanosine Tri-Phosphate (GTP)

and S-Adenosyl Methionine (SAM)

What do GTP and SAM do?

What is the Origin of the Active Site Atoms?

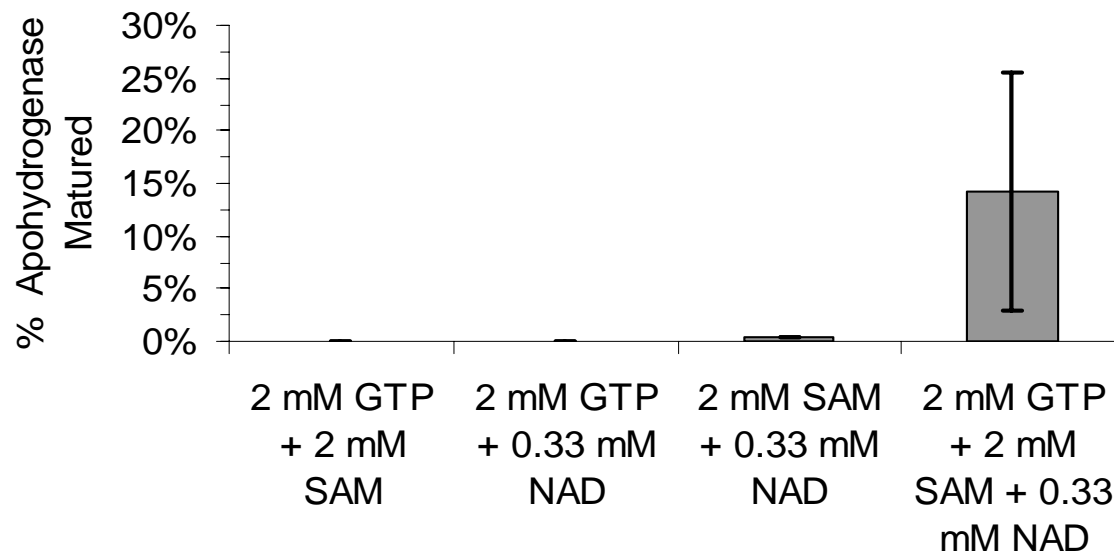


SAM

# Post-Synthesis Activation (Maturation) of ApoHydrogenase Enables Detailed Studies of Maturation Requirements

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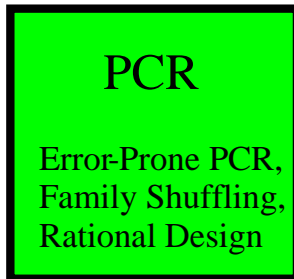
- A. Hydrogenase polypeptide is produced **without** helper proteins and under **aerobic** conditions. Small molecules are removed.
- B. Cell Extract with Helper Proteins is Reconstituted under **anaerobic** conditions. Small molecules are removed.
- C. Under **anaerobic** conditions, the preparations are mixed and candidate small molecules are added.



Marcus Boyer and Jonny Kuchenreuther

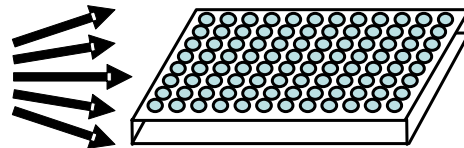
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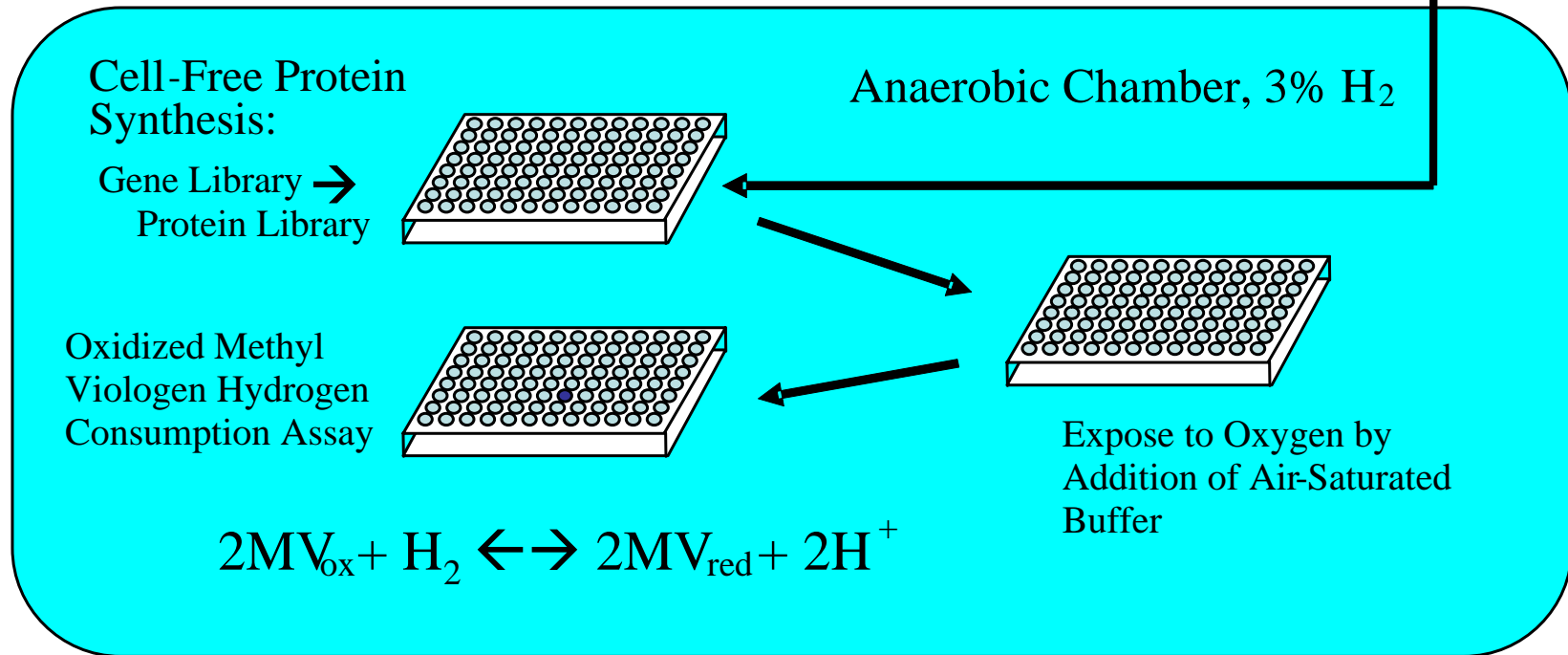
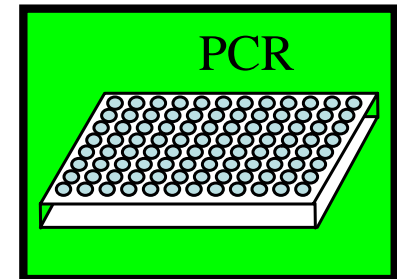


Mutant  
Library

Isolate Mutants by Dilution

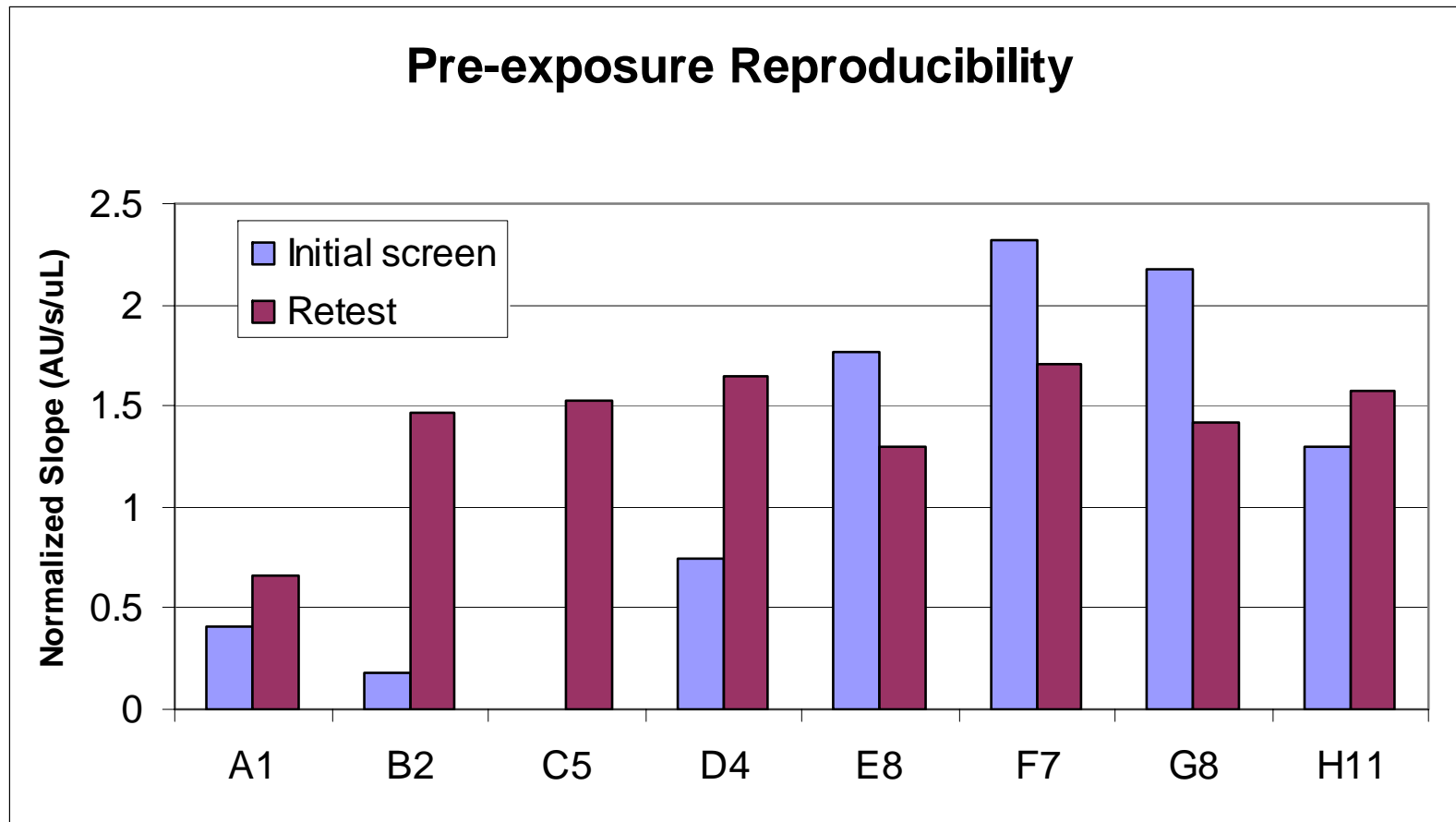


Amplify Mutants



# Initial Screening Assays Were Highly Variable

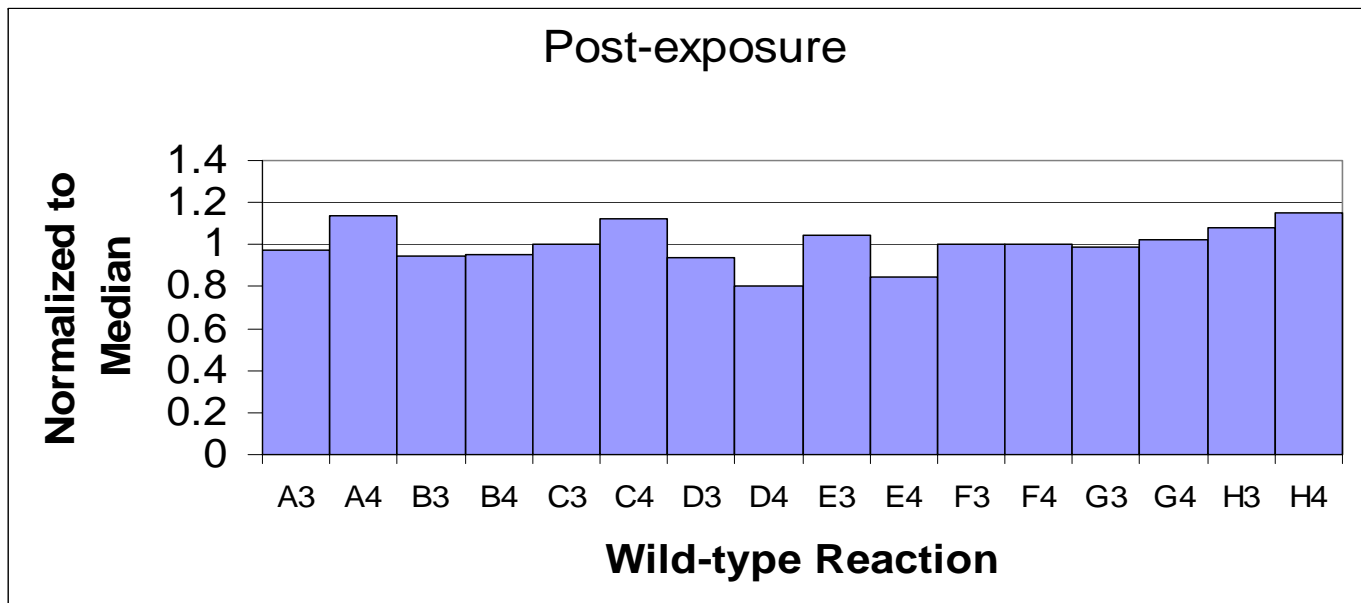
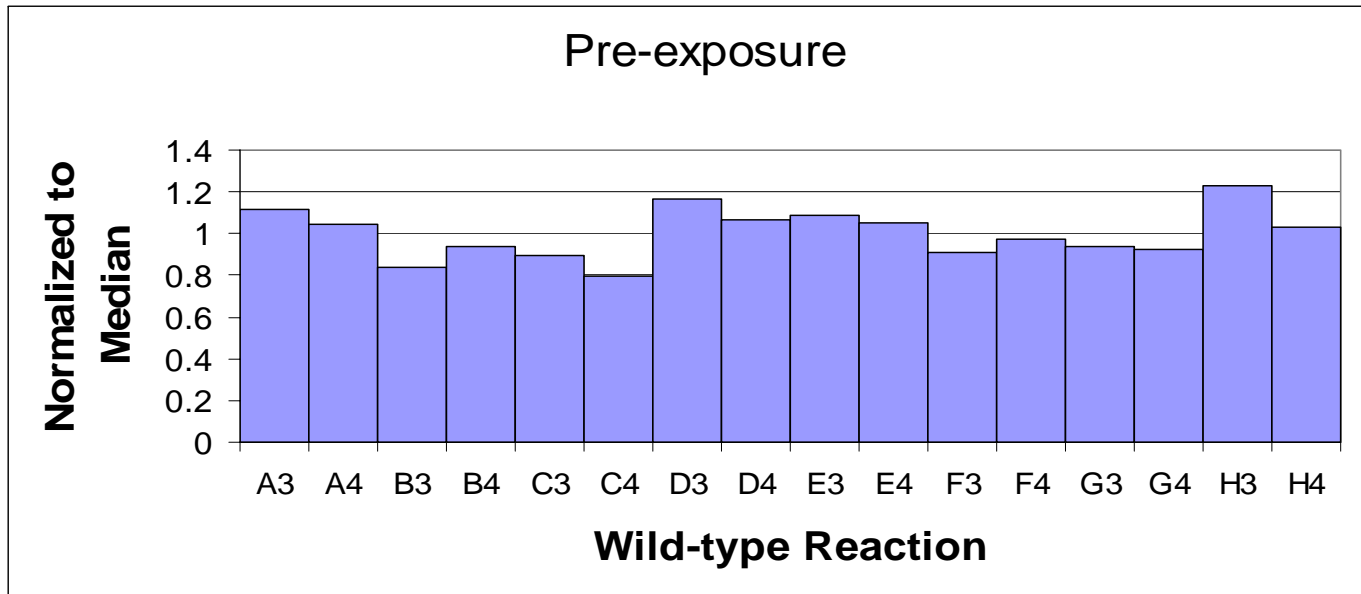
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For Unmutated Hydrogenase

# We are Working to Make the Screen Performance More Reproducible

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Jim  
Stapleton,  
Sean  
Kendall,  
Phil  
Smith

# Conclusions

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- Solar BioHydrogen Appears to be Technically and Economically Feasible
- BUT, We must first Evolve an Oxygen Tolerant Hydrogenase
- We can express Fe-Fe Hydrogenases With Cell-Free Technology Using Activated Cell Extracts
- We can accomplish Single-Molecule PCR for Clonal Separation
- GTP, SAM, and NAD are Required for H<sub>2</sub>ase Activation
- We Have Gained Significant Knowledge To Help Us Express The Hydrogenases in Photosynthetic Organisms
- The Search for Oxygen Tolerant Hydrogenases is Underway

# Acknowledgements

- Stanford School of Engineering  
For Seed Funding
- Stanford Global Climate and Energy  
Program (GCEP) for Major Funding